## COMBIVERT



The general EMC and safety directions at www. keb.de have to be observed!


Installation Manual
$5.5 \ldots 7.5 \mathrm{~kW}$ 230 V
4.0...15kW 400 V

| Mat.No. | Rev. |
| :--- | :--- |
| O0F50EM-KE03 | 1 J |

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This manual describes the KEB COMBIVERT F5. Particular attention is paid to the installation, the connection as well as the basic operation. Due to the various application and programming possibilities, the application-specific connection and/or wiring diagram, the parameter adjustment as well as instructions to the start-up are to be taken from the documentation of the machine manufacturer.
A list of instruction manuals and documents giving assistance for the construction, documentation and service is provided at the end of this manual. The safety and warning notes listed in this instruction manual as well as in other documentation must be observed at any rate to ensure a safe operation. Non-observance of the safety instructions leads to the loss of any liability claims. The safety and warning instructions specified in this manual do not lay claim on completeness. KEB reserves the right to change/adapt specifications and technical data without prior notice. The used pictograms have following significance:

| 4 | Danger <br> Warning <br> Caution | Is used, if life or health of the user are endangered or substantial <br> damage to property can occur. |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Attention <br> observe at <br> all costs | Is used, if a measure is necessary for safe and trouble-free ope- <br> ration. |  |
|  Information <br> Aide <br> Tip Is used, if a measure simplifies the handling or operation of the <br> unit. |  |  |  |

The information contained in the technical documentation, as well as any user-specific advice in spoken and written and through tests, are made to best of our knowledge and information about the application. However, they are considered for information only without responsibility. This also applies to any violation of industrial property rights of a third-party.
Inspection of our units in view of their suitability for the intended use must be done generally by the user. Inspections are particulary necessary, if changes are executed, which serve for the further development or adaption of our products to the applications (hardware, software or download lists). Inspections must be repeated completely, even if only parts of hardware, software or download lists are modified. Original spare parts and authorized accessories by the manufacturer serve as security. The use of other parts excludes liability for the damages which can result from it.
Application and use of our units in the target products is outside of our control and therefore exclusively in the area of responsibility of the user. Repairs may only be carried out by the manufacturer or an authorised repair agency. Unauthorised opening and tampering may lead to bodily injury and property damage and may entail the loss of warranty rights.

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## 1. Safety and Operating Instructions

# Safety and Operating Instructions for drive converters 

(in conformity with the Low-Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC)

## 1. General

In operation, drive converters, depending on their degree of protection, may have live, uninsulated, and possibly also moving or rotating parts, as well as hot surfaces.
In case of inadmissible removal of the required covers, of improper use, wrong installation or maloperation, there is the danger of serious personal injury and damage to property.

For further information, see documentation.
All operations serving transport, installation and commissioning as well as maintenance are to be carried out by skilled technical personnel (Observe IEC 364 or CENELEC HD 384 or DIN VDE 0100 and IEC 664 or DIN/VDE 0110 and national accident prevention rules!).
For the purposes of these basic safety instructions, „skilled technical personnel" means persons who are familiar with the installation, mounting, commissioning and operation of the product and have the qualifications needed for the performance of their functions.

## 2. Intended use

Drive converters are components designed for inclusion in electrical installations or machinery.

In case of installation in machinery, commissioning of the drive converter (i.e. the starting of normal operation) is prohibited until the machinery has been proved to conform to the provisions of the directive 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive). Account is to be taken of EN 60204.
The drive converters meet the requirements of the Low-Voltage directive 2006/95/EC. The harmonized standards of the series EN61800-5-1 for the drive converters were used.
The technical data as well as information concerning the supply conditions shall be taken from the rating plate and from the documentation and shall be strictly observed.

## 3. Transport, storage

The instructions for transport, storage and proper use shall be complied with.
The climatic conditions shall be in conformity with EN 61800-5-1.

## 4. Installation

The installation and cooling of the appliances shall be in accordance with the specifications in the pertinent documentation.
The drive converters shall be protected against excessive strains. In particular, no components must be bent or isolating distances altered in the course of transportation or handling. No contact shall be made with electronic components and contacts.
Drive converters contain electrostatic sensitive components which are liable to damage through improper use. Electric components must not be mechanically damaged or destroyed

## (potential health risks).

## 5. Electrical connection

When working on live drive converters, the applicable national accident prevention rules (e.g. VBG 4) must be complied with.

The electrical installation shall be carried out in accordance with the relevant requirements (e.g. cross-sectional areas of conductors, fusing, PE connection). For further information, see documentation.
Instructions for the installation in accordance with EMC requirements, like screening, earthing, location of filters and wiring, are contained in the drive converter documentation. They must always be complied with, also for drive converters bearing a CE marking. Observance of the limit values required by EMC law is the responsibility of the manufacturer of the installation or machine.

## 6. Operation

Installations which include drive converters shall be equipped with additional control and protective devices in accordance with the relevant applicable safety requirements, e.g. act respecting technical equipment, accident prevention rules etc.. Changes to the drive converters by means of the operating software are admissible.

After disconnection of the drive converter from the voltage supply, live appliance parts and power terminals must not be touched immediately because of possibly energized capacitors. In this respect, the corresponding signs and markings on the drive converter must be respected.

During operation, all covers and doors shall be kept closed.

## 7. Maintenance and servicing

The manufacturer's documentation shall be followed.
KEEP SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS IN A SAFE PLACE!

## Product Description

## 2. Product Description

2.1 Intended use

The frequency inverter KEB COMBIVERT F5 serves exclusively for the control and regulation of three-phase motors. The operation of other electric consumers is prohibited and can lead to the destruction of the unit.
Frequency inverter are components which are intended for the installation in electric systems or machines.

### 2.2 Unit identification

 14. F5. G 1 , E - 3 , $\mathrm{A}, 0,0$| Cooling |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| A: Heat sink | D: Convection |
| B: Flat rear |  |



Switching frequency; short time current limit; overcurrent limit
0: 2kHz; 125\%; 150 \% 6: 8kHz; 150\%; 180\%
4: $2 \mathrm{kHz} ; 150 \% ; 180 \%$ A: $8 \mathrm{kHz} ; 180 \% ; 216 \%$
5: $4 \mathrm{kHz} ; 150 \% ; 180 \%$ B: $16 \mathrm{kHz} ; 180 \% ; 216 \%$
Input identification
1: 3-phase 230 VAC or DC supply
3: 3-phase 400 VAC or DC supply

## Housing type E

Accessories
1: Braking transistor
B: such as 1 but with safety relais
3: Braking transistor and integrated filter
D: such as 3 but with safety relais
Control type

| A: | APPLICATION ${ }^{1)}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| B: | BASIC ${ }^{2)}$ |
| C: $:$ COMPACT | H: ASCL |
| E: $: ~ S C L$ | M: MULTI |

## Series F5

## Inverter size

1) At control card APPLICATION without encoder interface see type „GENERAL", with encoder interface see type „MULTI".
2) An output frequency of up to 1600 Hz is possible by changing the operating mode at control type "BASIC" (xx-F5Bxx-xxxx). This devices are subject to export authorisation according to entry 3A225 Annex I of the Dual-Use Regulation.

## Product Description

### 2.3 Technical data

### 2.3.1 230 V class

| Inverter size |  | 13 | 14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Housing size |  | E | E |
| Phases |  | 3 | 3 |
| Output rated power | [kVA] | 9.5 | 13 |
| Max. rated motor power | [kW] | 5.5 | 7.5 |
| Output rated current | [A] | 24 | 33 |
| Output rated current UL | [ A ] | 22 | 28 |
| Max. short time current | [ A ] | 36 | 49.5 |
| OC-tripping current | [ A ] | 43 | 59 |
| Rated input current | [A] | 31 | 43 |
| Rated input current UL | [ A ] | 28 | 36 |
| Max. permissible main fuse type gG | [ A ] | 35 | 50 |
| Rated switching frequency | [ kHz ] | 8 | 4 |
| Max. switching frequency | [kHz] | 16 | 16 |
| Power dissipation at nominal operating | [W] | 290 | 350 |
| Power dissipation at DC operating | [W] | 265 | 300 |
| Minimum braking resistor | [ $\Omega$ ] | 16 | 16 |
| Maximal braking current | [ A ] | 25 | 25 |
| Rated input voltage | [V] | 230 (UL: 240) |  |
| Input voltage range Uin | [V] | 180... $260 \pm 0$ |  |
| Mains frequency | $[\mathrm{Hz}]$ | $50 . .60 \pm 2$ |  |
| output voltage | [V] | $3 \times 0 \ldots$ Uin |  |
| Output frequency | 1) [Hz] | $0 . . .400$ |  |
| Max. motor line length (shielded) | [m] | 100 |  |
| For use in USA |  |  |  |
| Max. mains fuse type RK5 | [A] | 40 | 50 |
| Max. input fusing MMC type "E" | [ A ] | 40 | 45 |

1) The actual output frequency is depending on the parameterisation. The output frequency is to be limited in such way that $1 / 10$ of the switching frequency is not exceeded. Output frequencies above 599 Hz are possible by changing the operating mode at control type „BASIC" (xxF5Bxx-xxxx) as well as for special devices on request. This devices are subject to export authorisation according to entry 3A225 Annex I of the Dual-Use Regulation and they are labeled accordingly on the delivery note. The output frequency is limited to max. 599 Hz for all other control types. This devices are not subject to export authorisation.

With input rated voltage of 480 Vac no braking resistor shall be connected at control type "BASIC". The operating threshold of the braking resistor (Pn.69) must be adjusted at least to 770 Vdc for all other controls (see annex).

Site altitude maximal 2000 m above sea level. With site altitudes over 1000 m a derating of $1 \%$ per 100 m must be taken into consideration.

### 2.3.2 400 V class

| Inverter size |  | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Housing size |  | E |  |  |  |  |
| Phases |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| Output rated power | [kVA] | 6.6 | 8.3 | 11 | 17 | 23 |
| Max. rated motor power | [kW] | 4 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 11 | 15 |
| Output rated current | [A] | 9.5 | 12 | 16.5 | 24 | 33 |
| Output rated current UL | [A] | 7.6 | 11 | 14 | 21 | 27 |
| Max. short time current | [A] | 17 | 21.6 | 29.7 | 36 | 49.5 |
| OC-tripping current | [A] | 21 | 25.9 | 35.6 | 43 | 59 |
| Rated input current | [A] | 13 | 17 | 23 | 31 | 43 |
| Rated input current UL | [A] | 10.6 | 15.4 | 19.6 | 27.3 | 35 |
| Max. permissible main fuse type gG | [A] | 20 | 25 | 25 | 35 | 50 |
| Rated switching frequency | [kHz] | 16 | 16 | 8 | 4 | 2 |
| Max. switching frequency | [kHz] | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 4 |
| Power dissipation at nominal operating | [W] | 300 | 250 | 320 | 350 | 330 |
| Power dissipation at DC operating | [W] | 285 | 230 | 295 | 310 | 275 |
| Minimum braking resistor | [ $\Omega$ ] | 39 | 39 | 39 | 39 | 25 |
| Maximal braking current | [A] | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 32 |
| Rated input voltage | [V] | 400 (UL: 480) |  |  |  |  |
| Input voltage range Uin | [V] | 305... $528 \pm 0$ |  |  |  |  |
| Mains frequency | [Hz] | $50 \ldots 60 \pm 2$ |  |  |  |  |
| output voltage | [V] | $3 \times 0 \ldots$ Uin |  |  |  |  |
| Output frequency | 1) $[\mathrm{Hz}]$ | 0... 400 |  |  |  |  |
| Max. motor line length (shielded) | [m] | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| For use in USA |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. mains fuse type RK5 | [A] | 15 | 25 | 30 | 40 | 50 |
| Max. input fusing MMC type "E" | 2) $[A]$ | 16 | 25 | 30 | 40 | 50 |

1) The actual output frequency is depending on the parameterisation. The output frequency is to be limited in such way that $1 / 10$ of the switching frequency is not exceeded. Output frequencies above 599 Hz are possible by changing the operating mode at control type „BASIC" (xxF5Bxx-xxxx) as well as for special devices on request. This devices are subject to export authorisation according to entry 3A225 Annex I of the Dual-Use Regulation and they are labeled accordingly on the delivery note. The output frequency is limited to max. 599 Hz for all other control types. This devices are not subject to export authorisation.
2) Use E-MMC/ Type E - Manual Motor Controller according to UL508 / Class NKJH only. The following types are accepted:

| Manufacturer | UL - File | Type | Required terminal line adaptor |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Siemens | E 156943 | 3RV1021-1xA10 | 3RV1928-1H |
|  |  | 3RV1031-4xA10 | - |
| ABB Stotz | E 195536 | MS325-xx | S3-M3 |
|  |  | - |  |
| Rockwell / Allen <br> Bradley | E 205542 | 140M-C2E-Bxx or Cxx | - |
|  |  | - |  |
| Moeller | E 123500 | PKZM0-xxE (only up to 25A) | BK25/3 - PKZ0-E |

Where $x$ or $x x$ means that here current rating or letter for current rating is given.
Use only in mains Wye 480/277 V. Delta grounding is not permitted.

## Product Description

### 2.4 Dimensions and terminals

(

## 3. Installation and Connection

### 3.1 Control cabinet installation



### 3.2 EMC-conform Installation

- Always apply the shielding of motor and control cables over a large contact surface on both sides.
- Distance between control and power cables at least $10 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~cm}$ ( $4 \ldots 8 \mathrm{inch}$ ).
- Lay motor and power cable separately.
- If it cannot be avoided, cross control and power cables in a right angle.
- Install all cables as close as possible to the mounting plate - ideal in a metal cable duct.
- Mount COMBIVERT well conducting with the mounting plate. Remove the paint beforehand.

You can find further instructions regarding the EMC-conform wiring in the Internet at KEB.


## Installation and Connection

### 3.3 Connection of Power Circuit

### 3.3.1 Terminal Strip X1A

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Terminal strip X1A/ 230 V class suitable for | Terminal strip X1A/ 400 V class suitable for |
| - 180... 260 VAC / 1-phase (L1/N) <br> - 180...260VAC / 3-phase (L1, L2, L3) <br> - DC supply 250...370VDC (++,- -) | - 305...528 VAC / 3-phase (L1, L2, L3) <br> - DC supply 420...720VDC (++,- -) |
| - ,++ PB Braking resistor <br> - $\mathrm{U}, \mathrm{V}, \mathrm{W}$ Motor <br> - T1, T2 Temperature sensor / switch  <br> - $\stackrel{ }{\square}$ Protective earth connection | chapter 3.3.6) |


| Permissible cable cross-sections and tightening torques of the terminals |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Terminals | Perm. conductor cross-section | Tightening torque |
| L1 ..W | $0.2 \ldots 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (AWG 24-10) | 0.6 Nm (5 Ibinches) |
| $\mathrm{T} 1, \mathrm{~T} 2$ | $0.1 \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (AWG 30-14) | 0.6 Nm (5Ibinches) |
| $\oplus$ | PE Screw M4 | $1.3 \mathrm{Nm}(11.5 \mathrm{lb}$ inches) |

### 3.3.2 Wiring instructions

| 1 | Absolutely observe the connecting voltage of the KEB COMBIVERT. A 230V-unit will <br> be immediately destructed on a 400 V -power supply. |
| :---: | :--- |
| N | Sever exchange the mains and motor cables. <br> box (not over the mounting plate). |
| ! | Separate supply of the control <br> Without further cooling measure a separate supply of the control is not permissible <br> during a longer period, because the interior fan is not controlled here. The occuring <br> heat accumulation causes an accelerated aging of the capacitors and thus for a <br> reduction of the economic life time. |

3.3.3 Mains connection

| Mains connection 230V 1-phase |  |  | Mains connection 230 V 3-phase |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 \times 180 \ldots 260 \mathrm{Vac}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{PE} \square \\ & \mathrm{~L} 1 \\ & \mathrm{~N} \longrightarrow \end{aligned}$ | X1A | $3 \times 180 \ldots 260 \mathrm{Vac}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PE } \\ & \text { L1 } \square \\ & \text { L2 } \\ & \text { L3 } \square \end{aligned}$ | X1A |
|  |  | PE |  |  | PE |
|  |  | L1 |  |  | L1 |
|  |  | N/L2 |  |  | N/L2 |
|  |  | L3 |  |  | L3 |
|  |  | ++ |  |  | ++ |
|  |  | -- |  |  | -- |
|  |  | PB |  |  | PB |
|  |  | U |  |  | U |
|  |  | V |  |  | V |
|  |  | W |  |  | W |
|  |  | T1 |  |  | T1 |
|  |  | T2 |  |  | T2 |
| Protection |  |  | Mains connection 400 V 3-phase |  |  |
| - Fuse (see chapter 2.3 ) or <br> - power protective switch <br> - at DC-supply pay attention to the permissible voltage range of the fuses |  |  | $3 \times 305 \ldots 528 \mathrm{Vac}$ | PE | X1A |
|  |  |  | PE |  |
|  |  |  | L1 |  |
|  |  |  | L2 |  |
|  |  |  | L3 |  |
|  |  |  | ++ |  |
|  |  |  | PB |  |
|  |  |  | U |  |
|  |  |  | V |  |
|  |  |  | W |  |
|  |  |  | T1 |  |
|  |  |  | T2 |  |
| DC-connection 230 V-class |  |  |  | DC-connection 400 V-class |  |  |
| 250...370 Vdc | $\begin{aligned} & +\square \\ & -\square \end{aligned}$ | X1A |  | 420...720Vdc |  | X1A |
|  |  | PE |  |  |  | PE |
|  |  | L1 |  |  |  | L1 |
|  |  | N/L2 |  |  |  | L2 |
|  |  | L3 |  |  |  | L3 |
|  |  | ++ |  |  |  | ++ |
|  |  | -- |  |  |  | -- |
|  |  | PB |  |  |  | $\frac{\mathrm{PB}}{\mathrm{U}}$ |
|  |  | V |  |  |  | V |
|  |  | W |  |  |  | W |
|  |  | T1 | T1 |  |  |
|  |  | T2 | T2 |  |  |


| This product can cause a d.c. current in the protective conductor. Where a |
| :--- | :--- |
| residual current device (RCD) is used for protection in case of direct or indirect |
| contact, only an RCD of Type B is allowed on the supply side of this product. |
| Otherwise, another protective measure shall be applied, such as separation |
| from the environment by double or reinforced insulation, or isolation from the |
| supply system by a transformator. |

## Installation and Connection

### 3.3.4 Motor connection



### 3.3.5 Connection of the temperature monitoring

- Terminals T1, T2
- Tripping resistance $1.65 \ldots 4 \mathrm{k} \Omega$
- Reset resistance 0.75...1.65k $\Omega$
- Design in accordance with VDE 0660 Part 302
- This function can be activated by the machine builder by software
- Do not lay connecting cable together with control cable
- Permissible in the motor cable only with double shielding
- Connect relay K1 for fire prevention in regenerative operation (see 3.3.6)

Other Motor-PTC

3.3.6 Connection of a braking resistor with fire prevention

4With input rated voltage of 480 Vac no braking resistor shall be connected at control type "BASIC". The operating threshold of the braking resistor (Pn.69) must be adjusted at least to 770 Vdc for all other controls (see annex).

At defective braking transistor this circuit prevents against overheating and fire. The braking resistor overheats and opens the OH terminals with defective braking transistor. The OH terminals open the holding circuit of the input contactor, so that the input voltage is switched off in error case. An error in inverter is released by opening the auxiliary contacts $13 / 14$ of K3 and the modulation is switched off. Regenerative operation is also secured by the internal fault disconnection. The input must be programmed and inverted to "external error". Automatic restarting after cooling of the braking resistor is prevented by the selfholding circuit of K3.
 If the PTY evaluation of the motor at terminals T1/T2 is not used, these terminals can be used instead of the programmable input. The temperature input must be operated in PTC mode.


## Installation and Connection

### 3.4 Control Board Basic

### 3.4.1 X2A Control Terminal Strip

- Tightening torque 0.22...0.25 Nm (2 lb inches)
- Use shielded/drilled cables
- Lay shield on one side of the inverter onto earth potential


| PIN | Function | Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | + Setpoint input | AN1+ | Differential voltage input $0 \ldots \pm 10 \mathrm{VDC} ; \mathrm{Ri}=30 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Programmable analog output |  |  | 0...土10VDC (max. 5mA) |
| 5 | Analog output | AO1 | Output of the actual output frequency $0 . . \pm 100 \mathrm{~Hz}=>0 . . \pm 10 \mathrm{VDC}$ (max. 5 mA ) |
| 7 | +10V output | CRF | Reference voltage for setpoint poti $+10 \mathrm{VDC} /$ max. 4 mA |
| 8 | Analog ground | COM | Ground for analog in- and output |
| Programmable digital inputs |  |  | 13...30VDC $\pm 0$ \% smoothed Ri: $2.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$; scan time: 2 ms |
| 10 | Fixed frequency 1 (CP.19) | 11 | $\mathrm{I} 1+\mathrm{I} 2$ = fixed frequency 3 (CP.21) |
| 11 | Fixed frequency 2 (CP.20) | 12 |  |
| 14 | Forward | F | Rotation selection |
| 15 | Reverse | R | Forward has priority |
| 16 | Control release / Reset | ST | Power modules are enabled; reset at opening |
| 20 | 24 V - output | Uout | Supply of the digital inputs (24VDC/ max. 100 mA ) |
| 22 | Digital ground | OV | Reference potential for digital inputs/outputs |
| Relay outputs |  |  | Load capacity max. 30VDC / 0.01...1A |
| 24 | Relay 1 / NO contact | RLA | Programmable relay output (CP.31) Factory setting: Fault relay |
| 25 | Relay1 / NC contact | RLB |  |
| 26 | Relay1 / switching contact | RLC |  |
| 27 | Relay 2 / NO contact | FLA | Programmable relay output (CP.32) <br> Factory setting: Frequency denpendent switch |
| 28 | Relay 2 / NC contact | FLB |  |
| 29 | Relay 2 / switching contact | FLC |  |

3.4.2 Connection of the control terminal strip
Current signal
$0 \ldots \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$

### 3.5 Control board Compact/General/Application without encoder interface <br> 3.5.1 X2A Control Terminal Strip

- Tightening torque $0.22 \ldots . .0 .25 \mathrm{Nm}$ (2 lb inches)

- Use shielded/drilled cables
- Lay shield on one side of the inverter onto earth potential

| PIN | Function | Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Differential voltage input |  |  | $0 \ldots \pm 10 \mathrm{VDC} ; \mathrm{Ri}=55 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| 1 | + Setpoint input 1 | AN1+ | Setting of the analog setpoint |
| 2 | - Setpoint input 1 | AN1- |  |
| 4 | +Analog input 2 | AN2+ | At factory setting no function |
| 4 | -Analog input 2 | AN2- |  |
| Programmable analog outputs |  |  | 0... $\pm 10 \mathrm{VDC}$ (max. 5 mA ) |
| 5 | Analog output 1 | AO1 | Output frequency $0 \ldots \pm 100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| 6 | Analog output 2 | AO2 | Apparent current 0...2•1N |
| 7 | +10V output | CRF | Reference voltage for setpoint poti $+10 \mathrm{VDC} /$ max. 4 mA |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8 \\ & \hline 9 \end{aligned}$ | Analog ground | COM | Ground for analog in- and output |
| Programmable digital inputs |  |  | $13 . . .30 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 0 \%$ smoothed Ri: $2.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$; scan time: 2 ms Selection of fixed frequency I1 + I2 = fixed frequency 3 (CP.21) |
| 10 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fixed frequency } 1 \\ & \text { (CP.19) } \end{aligned}$ | 11 |  |
| 11 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fixed frequency } 2 \\ & \text { (CP.20) } \end{aligned}$ | 12 |  |
| 12 | External fault | 13 | Input for external error setting (E.EF) |
| 13 | DC braking | 14 | Activates DC braking (CP.22/23) |
| 14 | Forward | F | Rotation selection |
| 15 | Reverse | R | Forward has priority |
| 16 | Control release / Reset | ST | Power modules are enabled; reset at opening |
| 17 | Reset | RST | Reset; only when an error occurs |
| Digital outputs |  |  | 1 = max. 50 mA |
| 18 | Transistor output 1 | 01 | Switched at real value $=$ setpoint value |
| 19 | Transistor output 2 | 02 | Ready signal - switched as long as no error occurs |
| 20 | 24 V - output | Uout | Supply of the digital inputs (24VDC/ max. 100 mA ) |
| 21 | $20 . . .30 \mathrm{~V}$ - input | Uin | Voltage input for external supply |
| 22 | Digital ground | OV | Reference potential for digital inputs/outputs |
| Relay outputs |  |  | Load capacity max. 30VDC / 0.01...1A |
| 24 | Relay 1/ NO contact | RLA | Programmable relay output (CP.31) <br> Factory setting: Fault relay |
| 25 | Relay 1 / NC contact | RLB |  |
| 26 | Relay1/ switching contact | RLC |  |
| 27 | Relay 2 / NO contact | FLA | Programmable relay output (CP.32) <br> Factory setting: Frequency denpendent switch |
| 28 | Relay 2 / NC contact | FLB |  |
| 29 | Relay 2 / switching contact | FLC |  |

3.5.2 Connection of the control terminal strip


### 3.6 Control board Multi/Servo/Application with encoder interface

3.6.1 X2A Control Terminal Strip

- Tightening torque $0.22 \ldots 0.25 \mathrm{Nm}$ (2 lbinches)

X2A

- Use shielded/drilled cables
- Lay shield on one side of the inverter onto earth



| PIN | Function | Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Differential voltage input |  |  | $0 \ldots \pm 10 \mathrm{VDC} ; \mathrm{Ri}=55 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| 1 | + Setpoint input 1 | AN1+ | Setting of the analog setpoint at vector controlled operation (CP.10=4) 0... $\pm$ CP. 28 |
| 2 | - Setpoint input 1 | AN1- |  |
| 3 | +Analog input 2 | AN2+ | Setting of the analog setpoint at torque-controlled operation (CP.10=5; CP.28=1) 0... $\pm 100$ \% |
| 4 | -Analog input 2 | AN2- |  |
| Programmable analog outputs |  |  | 0..土10VDC (max. 5mA) |
| 5 | Analog output 1 | AO1 | Output speed 0... $\pm 3000{ }^{\text {min-1 }}$ |
| 6 | Analog output 2 | AO2 | Apparent current 0...2•Inominal |
| 7 | +10 V output | CRF | Reference voltage for setpoint poti $+10 \mathrm{VDC} /$ max. 4 mA |
| 8 | Analog ground | COM | Ground for analog in- and output |
| Programmable digital inputs |  |  | $13 . . .30 \mathrm{VDC} \pm 0 \%$ smoothed Ri: $2.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$; scan time: 2 ms |
| 10 | Fixed speed 1 (CP.23) | 11 | Selection of fixed speeds; $I 1+12=$ fixed speed 3; no input = analog set value |
| 11 | Fixed speed 2 (CP.24) | 12 |  |
| 12 | External fault | 13 | Input for external error setting (E.EF) |
| 13 | - | 14 | no function in the CP-Mode |
| 14 | Limit switch right | F | Limit switch |
| 15 | Limit switch left | R |  |
| 16 | Control release / Reset | ST | Power modules are enabled; reset at opening |
| 17 | Reset | RST | Reset; only when an error occurs |
| Digital outputs |  |  | $\mathrm{I}=$ max. 50 mA |
| 18 | Transistor output 1 | O1 | Switched at real value = setpoint value |
| 19 | Transistor output 2 | O2 | Ready signal - switched as long as no error occurs |
| 20 | 24 V - output | Uout | Supply of the digital inputs (24VDC/ max. 100 mA ) |
| 21 | 20...30V - input | Uin | Voltage input for external supply |
| 22 | Digital ground | OV | Reference potential for digital inputs/outputs |
| 23 |  |  |  |
| Relay outputs |  |  | Load capacity max. 30VDC / 0.01...1A |
| 24 | Relay 1 / NO contact | RLA | Programmable relay output (CP.33) Factory setting: Fault relay |
| 25 | Relay1 / NC contact | RLB |  |
| 26 | Relay1 / switching contact | RLC |  |
| 27 | Relay 2 / NO contact | FLA | Programmable relay output (CP.34) Factory setting: Run signal |
| 28 | Relay 2 / NC contact | FLB |  |
| 29 | Relay 2 / switching contact | FLC |  |

## Installation and Connection

3.6.2 Connection of the control terminal strip


## Operation of the Unit

## 4. Operation of the Unit

4.1 Operation Accessories
4.1.1 With HSP5 cable and without operator

A special cable (part number 00F50C0-0001) is necessary for the control of the KEB COMBIVERT without operator. It is connected between the HSP5-interface X4A and a serial RS232-PC-interface (COM1 or COM2). The operation takes place via the PC-program COMBIVIS.

1
The HSP5-cable has an integrated level converter. The connection of a serial standard cable would destroy the PC-interface.
4.1.2 Digital operator (part number 00F5060-1000)

As an accessory for the local operation of the KEB COMBIVERT F5 an operator is available. To prevent malfunctions, the inverter must be brought into nOP status before connecting / disconnecting the operator (open control release). When starting the inverter, it is always started with the last stored values or the factory setting.

| Interface contro <br> Transmit "LED on" (only 00F5060-2000) <br> HSP5 diagnostic interface (only 00F5060-2000) |  | 5-digit LED Display <br> Operating-/Error display <br> Normal "LED on" <br> Error "LED blinks" <br> Double function keyboard <br> RS232/RS485 <br> (only 00F5060-2000) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

4.1.3 Interface operator (part number 00F5060-2000)

The interface operator corresponds to the functional range of the digital operator. However, it is enhanced by a serial RS232/485-interface.

|  | PIN | RS485 | Signal | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | - | - | reserved |
|  | 2 | - | TxD | transmission signal RS232 |
|  | 3 | - | RxD | receive signal RS232 |
|  | 4 | A ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | RxD-A | receive signal A RS485 |
|  | 5 | B ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | RxD-B | receive signal B RS485 |
|  | 6 | - | VP | Voltage supply +5V ( $\operatorname{lmax}=50 \mathrm{~mA}$ ) |
|  | 7 | C/C | DGND | Data reference potential |
|  | 8 | A | TxD-A | transmission signal A RS485 |
|  | 9 | B | TxD-B | transmission signal B RS485 |

A RS232-cable is needed to connect the interface operator with the PC. The assignment is represented on the following page.

4.1.4 Remote control

For remote control of the KEB COMBIVERT F5 a special HSP5 operator is available.

| Operator | Cable | The last three digits of the part number indicate the |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 00F5060-9000 | 00F50C0-2xxx |  |
| 00F5060-9001 | 00F50C0-3xxx |  |

4.1.5 Other operators

In addition to the described operators the KEB COMBIVERT can be equipped with further operators for special applications (Profibus, Interbus, Sercos, CAN, DeviceNet). You find further information on that on our home page.

### 4.2 Keyboard Operation

4.2.1 Parameter numbers and values

When switching on KEB COMBIVERT F5 the value of parameter CP. 1 appears.
The function key changes between the parameter value and parameter number.

With UP ( $\mathbf{\Delta}$ ) and DOWN ( $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ ) the value of the parameter number is increased/decreased with changeable parameters.


Principally during a change, parameter values are immediately accepted and stored nonvolatile. However, with some parameters it is not useful that the adjusted value is accepted immediately. In these cases the adjusted value is accepted and stored non-volatile by pressing ENTER. When this type of parameter is changed a point appears behind the last digit.

By pressing „ENTER" the adjusted value is accepted and non-volatile stored.


## Operation of the Unit

4.2.2 Resetting error messages

If a malfunction occurs during operation, then the actual display is overwritten by the alarm message. The alarm message in the display is reset by ENTER.


1With ENTER only the error message in the display is reset. In order to reset the error itself, the cause must be removed or a power-on reset must be made.

### 4.2.3 Password Input

The KEB COMBIVERT is outfitted with a comprehensive password protection. In dependence on the entered password the following modes are possible:

| Display | Mode |
| :---: | :--- |
| CP_ro | End customer menu (CP-Parameter) read-only |
| CP on | End customer menu (CP-Parameter) read/write |
| CP_SE | Service menu (like end customer menu, but with the original parameters ) |
| APPL | Application menu (all parameter groups and parameters are visible) |
| - | Drive mode (COMBIVERT can be put into operation by the keyboard ) |

The menu admissible for the application is defined by the machine builder. The password input is generally made over the parameter CP.0. The adjusted password/menu is maintained even after switching off.

Example: Changing the CP-parameter from read-only to read/write


## 5. Parameter Descriptions

### 5.1 Basic/Compact/General/Application without encoder interface

| Parameter |  | Setting Range | Resolution | Default | Unit | $\checkmark$ | Based on |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CP. 0 | Password input | 0...9999 | 1 | - | - | - | ud. 1 |
| CP. 1 | Actual frequency display | -400...400 | 0.0125 | 0 | Hz | - | ru. 3 |
| CP. 2 | Set frequency display | -400...400 | 0.0125 | 0 | Hz | - | ru. 1 |
| CP. 3 | Inverter status | 0... 255 | 1 | 0 | - | - | ru. 0 |
| CP. 4 | Apparent current | 0...6553.5 | 0.1 | 0 | A | - | ru. 15 |
| CP. 5 | Apparent current / peak value | 0...6553.5 | 0.1 | 0 | A | - | ru. 16 |
| CP. 6 | Utilization | 0... 65535 | 1 | 0 | \% | - | ru. 13 |
| CP. 7 | DC link voltage | 0... 1000 | 1 | 0 | V | - | ru. 18 |
| CP. 8 | DC link voltage / peak value | 0... 1000 | 1 | 0 | V | - | ru. 19 |
| CP. 9 | Output voltage | 0... 778 | 1 | 0 | V | - | ru. 20 |
| CP. 10 | Minimal frequency | 0... 400 | 0.0125 | 0 | Hz | - | op. 6 |
| CP. 11 | Maximum frequency | 0...400 | 0.0125 | 70 | Hz | - | op. 10 |
| CP. 12 | Acceleration time | 0.00...300.00 | 0.01 | 5 | S | - | op. 28 |
| CP. 13 | Deceleration time (-1=CP.12) | -0.01..300.00 | 0.01 | 5 | S | - | op. 30 |
| CP. 14 | S-curve time | 0.00...5.00 | 0.01 | 0 | S | - | op. 32 |
| CP. 15 | Boost | 0.0...25.5 | 0.1 | LTK | \% | - | uf. 1 |
| CP. 16 | Rated frequency | 0...400 | 0.0125 | 50 | Hz | - | uf. 0 |
| CP. 17 | Voltage stabilization | $0 . .650 \mathrm{~V}$ (off) | 1 | 0 | V | E | uf. 9 |
| CP. 18 | Switching frequency | 0...LTK | 1 | LTK | - | E | uf. 11 |
| CP. 19 | Fixed frequency 1 | -400...400 | 0.0125 | 5 | Hz | - | op. 21 |
| CP. 20 | Fixed frequency 2 | -400...400 | 0.0125 | 50 | Hz | - | op. 22 |
| CP. 21 | Fixed frequency 3 | -400...400 | 0.0125 | 70 | Hz | - | op. 23 |
| CP. 22 | DC braking / mode | 0...9 | 1 | 7 | - | E | pn. 28 |
| CP. 23 | DC braking time | 0.00...100.00 | 0.01 | 10 | S | - | pn. 30 |
| CP. 24 | Max. ramp current | 0... 200 | 1 | 140 | \% | - | pn. 24 |
| CP. 25 | Max. constant current | 0... 200 | 1 | 200:off | \% | - | pn. 20 |
| CP. 26 | Speed search / condition | 0...15 | 1 | 8 | - | E | pn. 26 |
| CP. 27 | Quick stopping / ramp time | 0.00...300.00 | 0.01 | 2 | S | - | pn. 60 |
| CP. 28 | Response of ext. overtemperature. | 0...7 | 1 | 7 | - | - | pn. 12 |
| CP. 29 | Analog output 1 / function | 0... 20 | 1 | 2 | - | E | an. 31 |
| CP. 30 | Analog output 1 / amplification | -20.00..20.00 | 0.01 | 1 | - | - | an. 33 |
| CP. 31 | Relay output 1 / function | 0...76 | 1 | 4 | - | E | do. 2 |
| CP. 32 | Relay output 2 / function | 0...76 | 1 | 27 | - | E | do. 3 |
| CP. 33 | Relay output 2 / function | $\pm 30000.00$ | 0.01 | 4 | - | - | le. 3 |
| CP. 34 | Source of rotation direction | 0...9 | 1 | 2 | - | E | op. 1 |
| CP. 35 | AN1 set value selection | 0... 2 | 1 | 0 | - | E | an. 0 |
| CP. 36 | AN1 zero point hysteresis | -10.0...10.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | \% | - | an. 4 |

LTK=depending on power unit; E=ENTER parameter

## CP-Parameter

## CP. 3 Inverter status

In parameter „inverter status" the actual operating condition of the frequency inverter is displayed. In the case of an error the current error message is displayed, even if the display has already been reset with ENTER (error-LED on the operator is still blinking).

| nOP | no Operation"; control release not bridged; modulation switched off; output voltage <br> $=0 \mathrm{~V} ;$; drive is not controlled |
| :---: | :--- |
| LS | "Low Speed"; no direction of rotation preset; modulation switched off; output <br> voltage = 0V; drive is not controlled |
| FAcc | „Forward Acceleration"; drive accelerates with direction of rotation forward |
| FdEc | „Forward Deceleration"; drive decelerates with direction of rotation forward |
| rAcc | „Reverse Acceleration"; drive accelerates with direction of rotation reverse |
| rdEc | „Reverse Deceleration"; drive decelerates with direction of rotation reverse |
| Fcon | Forward Constant"; drive runs with constant speed and direction of rotation <br> forward |
| rcon | ,Reverse Constant"; drive runs with constant speed and direction of rotation <br> reverse |

Status messages and information about the cause and removal are to be found in the "Standard- and Interface Operator" Instruction Manual.

## CP. 17 Voltage stabilization

With this parameter a regulated output voltage in relation to the rated frequency can be adjusted. For that reason voltage variations at the input as well as in the intermediate circuit only have a small influence on the output voltage (U/f-characteristic). The function allows, among other things, an adaption of the output voltage to special motors.

## CP. 22 DC braking / Mode

With DC-braking the motor is not decelerated by the ramp. Quick braking is caused by D.C. voltage, which is applied onto the motor winding. This parameter determines how the dc-braking is triggered.

| Value | Activation |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | DC-braking deactivated |
| 1 | DC-braking at switch off of the direction of rotation and upon reaching 0 Hz . The braking time is CP. 23 or until the next direction of rotation. |
| 2* | DC-braking as soon as setting for the direction of rotation is absent. |
| 3* | DC-braking as soon as the direction of rotation changes or is absent. |
| 4* | DC-braking at switch off of the direction of rotation and upon reaching 4 Hz . |
| 5* | DC-braking when the real frequency falls below 4 Hz and the drives decelerates |
| 6* | DC-braking as soon as the set value falls below 4 Hz . |
| 7* | DC-braking when input I4 is switched (control board $\mathrm{B}=$ „0") |
| 8 | DC-braking as long as input 14 is switched (control board B = „0") |
| 9 | DC-braking after switching on the modulation. |

[^0]
## CP. 24 Max. ramp current

This function protects the frequency inverter against switching off through overcurrent during the acceleration ramp. When the ramp reaches the adjusted value, it is stopped so long until the current decreases again. CP. 3 displays "LAS" at active function.

## CP. 25 Max. constant current

This function protects the frequency inverter against switch off through overcurrent during constant output frequency. When exceeding the adjusted value, the output frequency is reduced until the value drops below the adjusted value. CP. 3 displays "SSL" at active function.

## CP. 26 Speed search condition

When connecting the frequency inverter onto a decelerating motor, an error can be triggered by the differing rotating field frequencies. With activated speed search the inverter searches for the actual motor speed, adapts its output frequency and accelerates with the adjusted ramp to the given set value. During speed search CP. 3 displays "SSF". The parameter determines, under what conditions the functions operate.
In case of several conditions the sum of the value must be entered. Example: CP. $26=12$ means after reset and after auto-reset UP.

| Value | Condition |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | Function off |
| 1 | at control release |
| 2 | at switch on |
| 4 | after reset |
| 8 | after Auto-Reset UP |

## CP. 28 Response of external overtemperature

CP. 28 determines the response of the drive on the external temperature monitoring. At factory setting the function is switched off. In order to activate this function the power circuit terminals T1/T2 must be connected. After that the response can be adjusted according to following table. If overheat no longer exists, the message E.ndOH (or A.ndOH) is output. Only then the error can be reset or the automatic restart can be carried out.

| CP. 28 | Display | Response | Restart |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | E.dOH | Immediate disabling of modulation | Remove fault; reset |
| 1* | A.dOH | Quick stop / disabling the modul. after reaching speed 0 |  |
| 2* | A.dOH | Quick stop / holding torque at speed 0 |  |
| 3 | A.dOH | Immediate disabling of modulation | Autoreset, if no fault is present |
| 4* | A.dOH | Quick stop / disabling the modul. after reaching speed 0 |  |
| 5* | A.dOH | Quick stop / holding torque at speed 0 |  |
| 6* | none | No effect to the drive; With CP.31/32 an external module can be controlled (e. g. fan) | inapplicable |
| 7 | none | No effect to the drive; Malfunction is not present! External temperature monitoring is not activated. |  |

*) If the motor is still too hot after 10 seconds, the error E.dOH is triggered and the mo-

## CP-Parameter

dulation is switched off!

## CP. 29 Analog output 1 / Function

CP. 29 defines the function of analog output 1.

| Value | Function | Scaling factor <br> $0 \ldots 100 \%(0 \ldots \pm 100 \%)$ |
| :---: | :--- | ---: |
| 0 | Absolute actual frequency CP.3 | $0 \ldots 100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| 1 | absolute set frequency CP.2 | $0 \ldots 100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| 2 | actual frequency CP.3 | $0 \ldots \pm 100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| 3 | set frequency CP.2 | $0 \ldots \pm 100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| 4 | output voltage CP.9 | $0 \ldots 500 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| 5 | DC link voltage CP. 7 | $0 \ldots 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| 6 | apparent current CP.4 | $0 \ldots 2 \cdot$ rated current |
| 7 | active current ru.17 | $0 \ldots 2 \cdot \pm$ rated current |
| $8 \ldots 10$ | only application mode | $0 \ldots .2 \cdot$ rated current |
| 11 | absolute active current ru.17 | $0 \ldots 100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| 12 | power stage temperature ru.38 | $0 \ldots 100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| 13 | motor temperature ru.46 | $0 \ldots \pm 100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| $14 \ldots 18$ | only application mode | $0 \ldots 100 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| 19 | ramp output frequency ru.2 |  |
| 20 | absolute ramp output frequency ru.2 |  |

CP. 31 Relay output 1 / function (terminals X2A.24...26)
CP. 32 Relay output 2 I function (terminals X2A.27...29)
The switching level of CP. 31 is pre-set to 100,00 .
The switching level of CP. 32 is adjusted by CP.33!

| Va- <br> lue | Function |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | No function (generally off) |
| 1 | Generally on |
| 2 | Run signal; also by DC-braking |
| 3 | Ready signal (no error) |
| 4 | Fault relay |
| 5 | Fault relay (without auto-reset) |
| 6 | Warning or error message at abnormal stopping |
| 7 | Overload pre-warning |
| 8 | Overtemperature alert signal power stage |
| 9 | External Overtemperature alert signal motor |
| 11 | Overtemperature alert signal interior OHI |
| 12 | Cable breakage 4...20 mA on analog input 1 |
| 14 | max. constant current (Stall, CP.25) exceeded |
| 15 | max. ramp current (LA-Stop, CP.24) exceeded |
| 16 | DC-braking active |
| 20 | Actual value = set value (CP.3 = Fcon; rcon; not at noP, LS, error, SSF) |
| 21 | Accelerate (CP.3=FAcc, rAcc, LAS) |
| 22 | Decelerate (CP.3 = FdEc, rdEc, LdS) |
| 23 | Real direction of rotation = set direction of rotation |
| 24 | Utilization (CP.6) > switching level |


| 25 | Active current > switching level |
| :--- | :--- |
| 26 | Intermediate circuit voltage (CP.7) > switching level |
| 27 | Real value (CP.1) > switching level |
| 28 | Set value (CP.2) > switching level |
| 31 | Absolute set value at AN1 > switching level |
| 32 | Absolute set value at AN2 > switching level |
| 34 | Set value at AN1 > switching level |
| 35 | Set value at AN2 > switching level |
| 40 | Hardware current limit activated |
| 41 | modulation on |
| 44 | Inverter status > switching level |
| 45 | Power stage temperature > switching level |
| 46 | Motor temperature > switching level |
| 47 | Ramp output value > switching level |
| 48 | Apparent current (CP.4) > switching level |
| 49 | Forward running (not at nOP, LS, abnormal stopping or error) |
| 50 | Reverse running (not at nOP, LS, abnormal stopping or error) |
| 63 | Absolut ANOUT1 > switching level |
| 64 | Absolut ANOUT2 > switching level |
| 65 | ANOUT1 > switching level |
| 66 | ANOUT2 > switching level |
| 70 | Driving current active (safety relay) |
| 73 | Absolute active power > switching level |
| 74 | Active power > switching level |

No listed values are only for application mode.

## CP-Parameter

## CP. 34 Source of rotation direction

The source rotation setting and the mode of evaluating the rotation setting is defined with this parameter (Enter-Parameter). With CP. 34 one does not modify the rotation source of the fixed frequencies (CP.19...21).

| Value | Direction of rotation |
| :---: | :--- |
| $0 / 1$ | only application mode |
| 2 | Setting by way of terminal strip forward/reverse; negative set values are set to <br> zero (factory setting) |
| 3 | Setting by way of terminal strip forward/reverse; the sign of the set point values <br> have no effect on direction of rotation |
| 4 | Setting by way of terminal strip run/stop (X2A.14) and forward/reverse (X2A.15); <br> negative values are set to zero |
| 5 | Setting by way of terminal strip run/stop (X2A.14) and forward/reverse (X2A.15); <br> the sign of the set point values have no effect on direction of rotation |
| 6 | Set value dependent, positive value = clockwise rotation; negative value-counter- <br> clockwise rotation; Status "Low speed" (LS) if no terminal For or Rev is active |
| 7 | Set value dependent, positive value = clockwise rotation; negative value = counter <br> clockwise rotation clockwise rotation is indicated if set value is "0" |
| $8 / 9$ | only application mode |

## CP. 35 AN1 Set value selection

The setpoint input 1 (AN1) at the F5-GENERAL/COMPACT control can be driven by various signal levels. In order to correctly evaluate the signal, this parameter must be adapted to the signal source. At F5 Basic control board at housing type A or B the signal source may not be re-adjusted.

| Value | Set value signal |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | $0 \ldots \pm 10 \mathrm{VDC} / \mathrm{GENERAL} / \mathrm{COMPACT} \mathrm{Ri}=55 \mathrm{k} \Omega / \mathrm{BASIC} \mathrm{Ri}=30 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| 1 | $0 \ldots \pm 20 \mathrm{mADC} / \mathrm{Ri}=250 \Omega$ |
| 2 | $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{mADC} / \mathrm{Ri}=250 \Omega$ |

### 5.2 Parameter description for Multi and Application with encoder interface

| Display | Parameter | Setting range | Resolution | Default | Unit | ENTER | Based on |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CP. 00 | Password Input | 0...9999 | 1 | - | - | - | ud. 01 |
| CP. 01 | Encoder 1 speed | $\pm 4000$ | 0.125 | 0 | rpm | - | ru. 09 |
| CP. 02 | Setpoint display | $\pm 4000$ | 0.125 | 0 | rpm | - | ru. 01 |
| CP. 03 | Inverter state | 0... 255 | 1 | 0 | - | - | ru. 00 |
| CP. 04 | Apparent current | 0...6553.5 | 0.1 | 0 | A | - | ru. 15 |
| CP. 05 | Apparent current / peak value | 0...6553.5 | 0.1 | 0 | A | - | ru. 16 |
| CP. 06 | Actual torque | $\pm 10000.00$ | 0.01 | 0 | Nm | - | ru. 12 |
| CP. 07 | Actual DC voltage | 0... 1000 |  | 0 | V | - | ru. 18 |
| CP. 08 | DC-link voltage / peak value | 0... 1000 | 1 | 0 | V | - | ru. 19 |
| CP. 09 | Output voltage | 0... 778 | 1 | 0 | V | - | ru. 20 |
| CP. 10 | Speed control configuration | 0(off)...5 | 1 | 0 (off) | - | - | cs. 00 |
| CP. 11 | DASM Rated speed | 0... 32000 | 1 | LTK | rpm | - | dr. 24 |
| CP. 12 | DASM rated frequency | 0.0...1600.0 | 0.1 | LTK | Hz | - | dr. 25 |
| CP. 13 | DASM rated current | 0.0...1100.0 | 0.1 | LTK | A | - | dr. 23 |
| CP. 14 | DASM Rated voltage | 120... 830 | 1 | LTK | V | - | dr. 02 |
| CP. 15 | DASM Rated cos (phi) | 0.50...1.00 | 0.01 | LTK | - | - | dr. 04 |
| CP. 16 | DASM Rated power | 0.10...1000.00 | 0.01 | LTK | kW | - | dr. 03 |
| CP. 17 | Load motor dependent parameter | 0... 3 | 1 | 1 | - | E | fr. 10 |
| CP. 18 | Boost | 0.0...25.5 | 0.1 | LTK | \% | - | uf. 01 |
| CP. 19 | rated frequency | 0... 400 | 0.0125 | 50 | Hz | - | uf. 00 |
| CP. 20 | Encoder 1 (inc/r) | 1... 65535 | 1 | 2500 | Inc | E | ec. 01 |
| CP. 21 | Encoder 1 rotation | 0... 19 | 1 | 0 | - | E | ec. 06 |
| CP. 22 | Maximum speed | 0... 4000 | 0.125 | 2100 | rpm | - | op. 10 |
| CP. 23 | Step value 1 | $\pm 4000$ | 0.125 | 100 | rpm | - | op. 21 |
| CP. 24 | Step value 2 | $\pm 4000$ | 0.125 | -100 | rpm | - | op. 22 |
| CP. 25 | Acceleration time | 0.00...300.00 | 0.01 | 5,00 |  | - | op. 28 |
| CP. 26 | Deceleration time | -0.01..300.00 | 0.01 | 5,00 | s | - | op. 30 |
| CP. 27 | S-curve time | 0.00(off)...5.00 | 0.01 | 0.00(off) | S | - | op. 32 |
| CP. 28 | Torque reference source | 0... 6 | 1 | 2 | - | E | cs. 15 |
| CP. 29 | Absolute torque reference | $\pm 32000,00$ | 0.01 | LTK | Nm | - | cs. 19 |
| CP. 30 | KP speed | 0... 32767 | 1 | 300 | - | - | cs. 06 |
| CP. 31 | KI speed | 0... 32767 | 1 | 100 | - | - | cs. 09 |
| CP. 32 | Switching frequency | 1...LTK | 1 | LTK | - | E | uf. 11 |
| CP. 33 | Relay output 1 / Function | 0... 92 | 1 | 4 | - | E | do. 02 |
| CP. 34 | Relay output 2 / Function | 0... 92 | 1 | 2 | - | E | do. 03 |
| CP. 35 | Limit switch / stopping mode | 0... 6 | 1 | 6 | - | - | pn. 07 |
| CP. 36 | External Fault / stopping mode | 0... 6 | 1 | 0 | - | - | pn. 03 |

## CP. 3 Inverter status

In parameter „inverter status" the actual operating condition of the frequency inverter is displayed (e.g. constant running forward, standstill). In the case of an error the current error message is displayed, even if the display has already been reset with ENTER (error-LED on the operator is still blinking). Status messages and information about the cause and removal are to be found in "www.keb.de".

## CP. 10 Speed Control / Configuration

This parameter activates the speed or the torque control.

| CP. 10 | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| 4 | Speed control |
| 5 | Torque control |
| 6 | Speed / torque control |

## CP. 17 Load motor dependent parameter

The factory settings of the COMBIVERT correspond to the size of the unit and the respective motor. If the motor data in CP.11... 16 are changed, then CP. 17 must be activated once. This re-adjusts the current controller, torque curve and torque limit.

| CP. 19 | Pre-adjustment of the motor-dependent controller parameters. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | Load process completed |$|$| 1 | The voltage class of the inverter is taken as input voltage. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | The measured DC-link voltage / $\sqrt{ } 2$ measured at switch on is taken as input <br> voltaine. Thus the frequency inverter can be adapted to the actually available <br> mains voltage (e.g. USA with 460 V). |
| 3 | Motor adaption for open-loop operation with V/f characteristic (SMM) |

When control release is active the adjustment was not completed. „nco" appears in the display.

## CP. 21 Encoder 1 rotation

The speed display at CP. 01 must be positive when the engine runs manual in clockwise direction. The signals SIN+ and SIN- of the resolver have to be changed, if the sign is wrong. Please ensure that the signals are not short-circuited with the internal shield. The signals $A(+)$ and $A(-)$ must be changed for units with SIN/COS encoder. Should this involve too much effort then you can achieve a rotation reversal of encoder 1 by means of this parameter.

| CP. 21 | Meaning |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | tracks not exchanged |
| 1 | track exchanged |
| $2 \ldots 3$ | reserved for initiator input |

## CP. 28 Torque reference source

With CP. 28 the required setpoint source for torque control can be adjusted.

| CP.28 | Meaning | Setting range |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | AN1+ / AN1- | $0 \% \ldots \pm 100 \%=0 \ldots \pm$ CP. 29 |
| 1 | AN2+ / AN2- | $0 \% \ldots \pm 100 \%=0 \ldots \pm$ CP. 29 |
| 2 | digital absolute | $0 \ldots \pm$ CP. 29 |
| $3 \ldots 6$ | only application mode |  |

## CP-Parameter

## CP. 33 Relay output 1 / function

## CP. 34 Relay output 2 / function

CP.33/34 determine the function of the two relay outputs (X2A.24-26, X2A.27-29).

| Value | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | No function (generally off) |
| 1 | Generally on |
| 2 | Run signal; also by DC-braking |
| 3 | Ready signal (no error) |
| 4 | Fault relay |
| 5 | Fault relay (without auto-reset) |
| 6 | Warning or error message after abnormal stopping |
| 7 | Overload alert signal |
| 8 | Overtemperature alert signal power modules |
| 9 | Ex. overtemperature pre-warning motor |
| 11 | Overtemperature pre-warning OHI |
| 20 | Actual value = set value (CP. 3 = Fcon, rcon, not at noP, LS, error, SSF) |
| 21 | Accelerate (CP. 3 = FAcc, rAcc, LAS) |
| 22 | Decelerate (CP. $3=\mathrm{FdEc}$, rdEc, LdS) |
| 23 | Real direction of rotation $=$ set direction of rotation |
| 24 | Utilization > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 25 | Active current > switching level ${ }^{11}$ |
| 27 | Real value (CP.1) > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 28 | Setpoint (CP.2) > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 31 | Absolute setpoint on AN1 > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 32 | Absolute setpoint on AN2 > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 34 | Setpoint at AN1 > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 35 | Setpoint at AN2 > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 40 | Hardware current limit activated |
| 41 | Modulation on-signal |
| 47 | Ramp output value $>$ switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 48 | Apparent current (CP.4) > switching level ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ |
| 49 | Forward running (not at nOP, LS, abnormal stopping or error) |
| 50 | Reverse running (not at nOP, LS, abnormal stopping or error) |
| 51 | Warning E.OL2 |
| 52 | Current regulator limit reached |
| 53 | Speed regulator limit reached |
| 63 | Absolute value ANOUT1 > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 64 | Absolute value ANOUT2 > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 65 | ANOUT1 > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 66 | ANOUT2 > switching level ${ }^{11}$ |
| 70 | Driver voltage activ (safety relay) |
| 73 | Absolut active power > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 74 | Active power > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |

No listed values are only for application mode.
${ }^{1)}$ Switching level of CP. $33=100$; switching level of CP. $34=4$

## CP. 35 Reaction to limit switch

This parameter determines the reaction of the drive to terminal X2A. 14 (F) and/or X2A. 15 $(R)$, which are programmed as limit switches. The reaction of the drive is shown in the table below.

| CP.35 | Display | Reaction | Restart |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 0 | E.PRx | Immediate disabling of modulation | Remove fault, <br> reset |
| 1 | A.PRx | Quick stopping / disabling of modulation after <br> reaching speed 0 |  |
| 2 | A.PRx | Quick stopping / holding torque at speed 0 |  |
| 3 | A.PRx | Immediate disabling of modulation | Quick stopping / disabling of modulation after |

## CP. 36 Reaction to external fault

With the external error monitoring external units can take direct influence on the drive. This parameter determines the response of the drive to a signal at terminal X2A. 12 (I3) according to following table.

| CP.36 | Display | Reaction | Restart |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 0 | E.PRx | Immediate disabling of modulation | Remove fault, <br> reset |
| 1 | A.PRx | Quick stopping / disabling of modulation after <br> reaching speed 0 |  |
| 2 | A.PRx | Quick stopping / holding torque at speed 0 |  |
| 3 | A.PRx | Immediate disabling of modulation | Quick stopping / disabling of modulation after <br> reaching speed 0 |
| 4 | A.PRx | inapplicable <br> 5 A.PRx | Quick stopping / holding torque at speed 0 |
| 6 | none | No effect to the drive, fault is ignored! | innn |

### 4.3 Parameter description for F5 servo

| Display Parameter | Setting Range | Resolution | Default | Unit | ENTER | Based on |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CP. 00 Password input | 0... 9999 | 1 | - | - | - | ud. 01 |
| CP. 01 Encoder 1 speed | $\pm 4000$ | 0.125 | 0 | rpm | - | ru. 09 |
| CP.02 Setpoint display | $\pm 4000$ | 0.125 | 0 | rpm | - | ru. 01 |
| CP. 03 Inverter state | 0... 255 | 1 | 0 | - | - | ru. 00 |
| CP. 04 Apparent current | 0...6553.5 | 0.1 | 0 | A | - | ru. 15 |
| CP. 05 Apparent current / peak value | 0...6553.5 | 0.1 | 0 | A | - | ru. 16 |
| CP. 06 Actual torque display | $\pm 10000.00$ | 0.01 | 0 | Nm | - | ru. 12 |
| CP. 07 DC-link voltage | 0... 1000 | 1 | 0 | V | - | ru. 18 |
| CP. 08 DC-link voltage / peak value | 0... 1000 |  | 0 | V | - | ru. 19 |
| CP. 09 Output voltage | 0... 778 | 1 | 0 | V | - | ru. 20 |
| CP.10 Speed control configuration | 4...6 | 1 | 4 | - | - | cs. 00 |
| CP. 11 DSM rated torque | 0.1...6553.5 | 0.1 | LTK | Nm | - | dr. 27 |
| CP. 12 DSM rated speed | 0... 32000 | 1 | LTK | rpm | - | dr. 24 |
| CP. 13 DSM rated frequency | 0.0...1600.0 | 0.1 | LTK | Hz | - | dr. 25 |
| CP. 14 DSM rated current | 0.0...710.0 | 0.1 | LTK | A | - | dr. 23 |
| CP. 15 DSM EMK voltage constant | 0... 1000 | 1 | LTK | V | - | dr. 26 |
| CP. 16 DSM winding inductance | 0.01...500.00 | 0.01 | LTK | mH | - | dr. 31 |
| CP. 17 DSM winding resistance | 0.000...50.000 | 0.001 | LTK | $\Omega$ | - | dr. 30 |
| CP. 18 DSM current for zero speed | 0.0...700.0 | 0.1 | LTK | A | - | dr. 28 |
| CP. 19 Load motor dependent parameter | 0... 3 | 1 | 1 | - | E | fr. 10 |
| CP. 20 Absolute position enc. 1 | 0... 65535 | 1 | 57057 | - | - | ec. 02 |
| CP. 21 Encoder 1 rotation | 0...19 | 1 | 0 | - | - | ec. 06 |
| CP. 22 max. reference forward | 0... 4000 | 0.125 | 2100 | rpm | - | op. 10 |
| CP. 23 Step value 1 | $\pm 4000$ | 0.125 | 100 | rpm | - | op. 21 |
| CP. 24 Step value 2 | $\pm 4000$ | 0.125 | -100 | rpm | - | op. 22 |
| CP. 25 Acceleration time | 0.00...300.00 | 0.01 | 5 | s | - | op. 28 |
| CP. 26 Deceleration time | -0.01...300.00 | 0.01 | 5 | s | - | op. 30 |
| CP. 27 S-curve time | 0.00...5.00 | 0.01 | 0 | s | - | op. 32 |
| CP. 28 Torque reference source | 0... 5 | 1 | 2 | - | E | cs. 15 |
| CP. 29 Abs. torque reference | $\pm 10000.00$ | 0.01 | LTK | Nm | - | cs. 19 |
| CP. 30 KP speed | 0... 32767 | 1 | 50 | - | - | cs. 06 |
| CP. 31 KI speed | 0... 32767 | 1 | 500 | - | - | cs. 09 |
| CP. 32 Switching frequency | 0...LTK | 1 | LTK | - | E | uf. 11 |
| CP. 33 Relay output 1/ function | 0...78 |  | 4 | - | E | do. 2 |
| CP. 34 Relay output 2/ function | $0 . .78$ | , | 2 | - | E | do. 3 |
| CP. 35 Limit switch / stopping mode | 0... 6 | 1 | 6 | - | - | pn. 7 |
| CP. 36 External Fault / stopping mode | 0... 6 | 1 | 0 | - | - | pn. 3 |

## CP. 3 Inverter state

In parameter „inverter status" the actual operating condition of the frequency inverter is displayed. In the case of an error the current error message is displayed, even if the display has already been reset with ENTER (error-LED on the operator is still blinking). Status messages and information about the cause and removal are to be found in www. keb.de => Documentation => Operating Instructions => Other => Service informations => Error and status messages.doc.

## CP. 10 Speed control configuration

This parameter activates the speed or the torque control.

| CP. 10 | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| 4 | Speed control |
| 5 | Torque control |
| 6 | Speed / torque control |

## CP. 19 Load motor dependent parameter

The factory settings of the servo correspond to the size of the unit and the respective motor. If the motor data in CP.11... 18 are changed, then CP. 19 must be activated once. This re-adjusts the current controller, torque curve and torque limit. The torque limit is set at the value, that is maximally possible in the basic speed range (depending on inverter rated current). Rated motor torque x 3 at maximum.

| CP.19 | Pre-adjustment of the motor-dependent control-parameters. |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | The voltage class of the inverter is taken as input voltage. |
| 2 | The measured DC-link voltage / 2 measured at switch on is taken as input <br> voltage. Thus the frequency inverter can be adapted to the actually available <br> mains voltage (e.g. USA with 460 V ). |

When control release is active the adjustment was not completed. „nco" appears in the display!

## CP. 20 Absolute position enc. 1

The system position of the attached resolver system is adjusted at EC.07. With this parameter it is possible to adjust the controller to a not aligned motor. If the ystem position of the motor is unknown an automatic trimming can be done. Before starting with the adjustment, the direction of rotation must be checked. The speed display at CP. 1 must be positive when the engine runs manual in clockwise direction. If that is not the case, the direction of rotation can be exchanged as described with CP.21. If the correct direction of rotation is displayed, it can be started with the adjustment.

- The connected motor must be able to rotate freely.
- Open control release (terminal X2A.16).
- Set CP. 20 = 2206.
- Close control release (terminal X2A.16).

Now the motor is excited with its rated current and aligned to its zero position. The adjustment is finished when the displayed system position at CP. 20 does not change for approx. 5 s . In this case open control release and switch off the unit.
If the error message E.EnC is displayed during trimming the direction of rotation must be checked (CP.21). In this case the position trimming must be repeated.
In case that motors with aligned encoder system are used, the value which has been established by the automatic trimming, can be entered under CP. 20 as well. The adjustment values of known motors of the KEB COMBIVERT S4 series must be multiplied by the polepair number of the motor. The lower 16 bits of the result must be entered in CP. 20 .

## CP. 21 Encoder 1 rpotation

The speed display at CP. 1 must be positive when the engine runs manual in clockwise direction. The signals SIN+ and SIN- of the resolver have to be changed, if the sign is wrong. Please ensure that the signals are not short-circuited with the internal shield.

## CP-Parameter

The signals $A(+)$ and $A(-)$ must be changed for units with SIN/COS encoder. Should this involve too much effort then you can achieve a rotation reversal of encoder 1 by means of this parameter.

| CP. 21 | Meaning |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | Tracks not exchanged |
| 1 | Track exchanged |
| $2 \ldots 3$ | Reserved for initiator input |

## CP. 28 Torque reference source

With CP. 28 the required setpoint source for torque control can be adjusted.

| CP.28 | Meaning | Setting Range |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | AN1+ / AN1- | $0 \% \ldots \pm 100 \%=0 \ldots \pm$ CP. 29 |
| 1 | AN2+ / AN2- | $0 \% \ldots \pm 100 \%=0 \ldots \pm$ CP. 29 |
| 2 | Digital absolute | $0 \ldots \pm$ CP. 29 |
| $3 \ldots 5$ | Only application mode |  |

## CP. 33 Relay output 1 / function

## CP. 34 Relay output 2 / function

CP.33/34 determine the function of the two relay outputs (X2A.24-26, X2A.27-29).

| Value | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | No function (generally off) |
| 1 | Generally on |
| 2 | Run signal; also by DC-braking |
| 3 | Ready signal (no error) |
| 4 | Fault relay |
| 5 | Fault relay (without auto-reset) |
| 6 | Warning or error message after abnormal stopping |
| 7 | Overload pre-warning |
| 8 | Overtemperature alert signal power stage |
| 9 | Ex. overtemperature pre-warning motor |
| 11 | Overtemperature pre-warning OHI |
| 20 | Actual value = set value (CP. 3 = Fcon, rcon, not at noP, LS, error, SSF) |
| 21 | Accelerate (CP.3=FAcc, rAcc, LAS) |
| 22 | Decelerate (CP. 3 = FdEc, rdEc, LdS) |
| 23 | Real direction of rotation $=$ set direction of rotation |
| 24 | Utilization > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 25 | Active current > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 27 | Real value (CP.1) > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 28 | Setpoint (CP.2) > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 31 | Absolute setpoint on AN1 > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 32 | Absolute setpoint on AN2 > switching level ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ |
| 34 | Setpoint at AN1 > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 35 | Setpoint at AN2 > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 40 | Hardware current limit activated |
| 41 | Modulation on-signal |
| 47 | Ramp output value>switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 48 | Apparent current (CP.4) > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 49 | Forward running (not at nOP, LS, abnormal stopping or error) |
| 50 | Reverse running (not at nOP, LS, abnormal stopping or error) |
| 51 | Warning E.OL2 |
| 52 | Current regulator limit reached |
| 53 | Speed regulator limit reached |


| Value | Function |
| :---: | :--- |
| 63 | Absolut value ANOUT1 $>$ switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 64 | Absolut value ANOUT2 > switching level ${ }^{1)}$ |
| 65 | ANOUT1 > switching level ${ }^{11}$ |
| 66 | ANOUT2 > switching level ${ }^{11}$ |
| 70 | Driver voltage activ $(\text { safety relay })^{73}$ |
| 74 | Absolut active power $>$ switching level $^{1)}$ |

Unlisted values are only for application mode
${ }^{1)}$ Switching level of CP. $33=100$; switching level of CP. $34=4$

## CP. 35 Limit switch / stopping mode

This parameter determines the reaction of the drive to terminal X2A. 14 (F) and/or X2A. 15 $(R)$, which are programmed as limit switches. The reaction of the drive is shown in the table below.

| CP. 35 | Display | Response | Restart |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | E.PRx | Immediate disabling of modulation | Remove fault, reset |
| 1 | A.PRx | Quick stopping / disabling of modulation after reaching speed 0 |  |
| 2 | A.PRx | Quick stop / holding torque at speed 0 |  |
| 3 | A.PRx | Immediate disabling of modulation | Autoreset, if no fault is present |
| 4 | A.PRx | Quick stopping / disabling of modulation after reaching speed 0 |  |
| 5 | A.PRx | Quick stop / holding torque at speed 0 |  |
| 6 | None | No effect to the drive, fault is ignored! | Inapplicable |

## CP. 36 External Fault / stopping mode

With the external error monitoring external units can take direct influence on the drive. This parameter determines the response of the drive to a signal at terminal X2A. 12 (I3) according to following table.

| CP. 36 | Display | Response | Restart |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | E.PRx | Immediate disabling of modulation | Remove fault, reset |
| 1 | A.PRx | Quick stopping / disabling of modulation after reaching speed 0 |  |
| 2 | A.PRx | Quick stop / holding torque at speed 0 |  |
| 3 | A.PRx | Immediate disabling of modulation | Autoreset, if no fault is present |
| 4 | A.PRx | Quick stopping / disabling of modulation after reaching speed 0 |  |
| 5 | A.PRx | Quick stop / holding torque at speed 0 |  |
| 6 | None | No effect to the drive, fault is ignored! | Inapplicable |

## Annex A

## A. Annex A

## A. 1 Overload characteristic

Release time [s]


On exceeding a load of $105 \%$ the overload integrator starts. When falling below the integrator counts backwards. Error E.OL is triggered if the integrator achieves the overload characteristic.

## A. 2 Calculation of the motor voltage

The motor voltage for dimensioning of the drive is depending on the used components. The mains voltage reduces according to the following table:

Mains choke Uk Inverter open loop
Inverter closed loop
Motor choke Uk
Non-rigid supply system

4\% Example:
4 \% Closed loop inverter with mains- and motor choke at 8\% $1 \%$ $2 \%$

## A. 3 Maintenance

All work may only be done by qualified personnel. The security must be ensured as follows:

- Disconnect power supply at MCCB
- Secure against restarting
- Await discharge time of capacitors (if necessary controlling by measurement at „+PA" and „"", respectively "++" and „--")
- Ensure loss of voltage by measurement

In order to avoid premature ageing and avoidable malfunctions, the measures mentioned below must be carried out in the appropriate cycle.

## Annex A

| Cycle | Function |
| :--- | :--- |
| Constant | Pay attention to unusual noises of the motor (e.g. vibrations) as well as of <br> the frequency inverter (e.g. fan). |
|  | Pay attention to unusual smells of the motor or frequency inverter (e.g. eva- <br> poration of capacitor electrolyte, braise of the motor winding) |
|  |  |
|  | Examine and clean extracted air filter and cooling air filter of the control <br> cabinet. |
|  | Examine function of the fans of the KEB COMBIVERT. The fans must be <br> replaced in case of audible vibrations or squeak. |

## A. 4 Storage

The DC link of the KEB COMBIVERT is equipped with electrolytic capacitors. If electrolytic capacitors are stored de-energized, the oxide film working as dielectric fluid reacts with the acidic electrolyte and destroy themselves slowly. This affects the dielectric strength and the capacity.
If the capacitor starts running with rated voltage, it is tried to build the oxide film abrupt again.
This causes heat and gas and leads to the destruction of the capacitor.
In order to avoid defectives, the KEB COMBIVERT must be started up depending on the storage period in accordance with the following specification:

| Storage period < 1 year |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | Start-up without special measures |  |  |
| Storage period 1... 2 years |  |  |  |
| - | Operate frequency inverter one hour without modulation |  |  |
| Storage period 2... 3 years |  |  |  |
| - | Remove all cables from the power circuit; especially of braking resistor or module |  |  |
| - | Open control release |  |  |
| - | Connect variable transformer to inverter input |  |  |
| - | Increase variable transformer slowly to indicated input voltage (>1 min) and remain at least on the specified time. |  |  |
|  | Voltage class | Input voltage | Residence time |
|  | 230 V | 0...160V | 15 min |
|  |  | 160...220V | 15 min |
|  |  | 220...260V | 1 h |
|  | 400 V | 0...280V | 15 min |
|  |  | 280...400V | 15 min |
|  |  | 400...540V | 1 h |
| further on next side |  |  |  |

Storage period > 3 years

- Input voltages as before, however double the times per year. Eventually change capacitors. Eventually change capacitors.

After expiration of this start-up the KEB COMBIVERT can be operated on nominal rating conditions or delivered to a new storage.
A. 5 Changing the response threshold of the braking transistor (not valid for control type „BASIC")
To prevent a premature switching of the brake transistor at input rated voltage of 480 Vac , the response threshold must be adjusted according to the following diagram.


## B. Annex B

B. 1 CE Marking

CE marked frequency inverter and servo drives were developed and manufactured to comply with the regulations of the Low-Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC.
The inverter or servo drive must not be started until it is determined that the installation complies with the Machine directive (2006/42/EC) as well as the EMC-directive (2004/108/ EC)(note EN 60204).
The frequency inverters and servo drives meet the requirements of the Low-Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC. The harmonized standards of the series EN61800-2 were used.
This is a product of limited availability in accordance with IEC61800-3. This product may cause radio interference in residential areas. In this case the operator may need to take corresponding measures.

## B. 2 UL Marking

| c US | Acceptance according to UL is marked at KEB inverters with the adjacent <br> logo on the type plate. |
| :---: | :--- |

To be conform according to UL for use on the North American Market the following instructions must be observed (original text of the UL-File):

- 240 V units

Suitable For Use On A Circuit Capable Of Delivering Not More Than 10kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 240 Volts Maximum when Protected by Fuses or see Instruction Manual for Alternate BCP. 480 V units
Suitable For Use On A Circuit Capable Of Delivering Not More Than 10kA rms Symmetrical Amperes, 480 Volts Maximum when Protected by Fuses or see Instruction Manual for Alternate BCP.

- Maximum Surrounding Air Temperature $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(113^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
- For control cabinet mounting as „Open Type"
- Use in a pollution degree 2 environment
- Use $60 / 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Copper Conductors Only
- Motor protection by adjustment of current parameters.For adjustement see application manual parameters Pn. 14 and Pn. 15.
- Not incorporated Overspeed Protection
- Overload protection at $130 \%$ of inverter output rated current (see type plate)
- Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the Manufacturer Instructions, National Electrical Code and any additional local codes, or the equivalent.


## Annex B

Table for input fusing of inverters F5-A housing:

| Inverter | Input Voltage | UL 248 Fuse Class <br> J or RK5 * | UL 248 Fuse Class <br> CC *) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $[\mathrm{V}]$ | $[\mathrm{A}]$ | $[\mathrm{A}]$ |
| 05 F 5 | $240 / 1 \mathrm{ph}$ | 10 | 10 |
| 05 F 5 | $240 / 1 \mathrm{ph}$ | 6 | 5 |
| 07F5 | $240 / 1 \mathrm{ph}$ | 15 | 20 |
| 07 F 5 | $240 / 1 \mathrm{ph}$ | 10 | 10 |
|  |  |  | --- |
| 05 F 5 | $400 / 480 / 3 \mathrm{ph}$ | 5 | --- |
| 07 F 5 | $400 / 480 / 3 \mathrm{ph}$ | 6 | -- |
| 09 F 5 | $400 / 480 / 3 \mathrm{ph}$ | 10 |  |

*) The voltage rating of the Class rated fudes (CC, J or RK5) shall be at least equal to the voltage of the Drivers.

Branch Circuit Protection: Type E Self Protected Manual Motor Controllers for inverters F5-A housing.

| Cat. No. | Drive Input <br> ating | Self Protected Manual Motor <br> Controller Type and manufac- <br> turer | Self Protected Manual <br> Motor Controller rating |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $05 F 5$ | $240 \mathrm{~V} / 1 \mathrm{ph}$ | PKZMO-10E, Eaton Industries | $230 \mathrm{~V}, 1.5 \mathrm{hp}$ |
| $05 F 5$ | $240 \mathrm{~V} / 3 \mathrm{ph}$ | PKZMO-6.3E, Eaton Industries | $230 \mathrm{~V} / 3 \mathrm{ph}, 1.5 \mathrm{hp}$ |
| $07 F 5$ | $240 \mathrm{~V} / 3 \mathrm{ph}$ | PKZMO-16E, Eaton Industries | $230 \mathrm{~V}, 2 \mathrm{hp}$ |
| $07 F 5$ | $240 \mathrm{~V} / 1 \mathrm{ph}$ | PKZMO-10E, Eaton Industries | $230 \mathrm{~V} / 3 \mathrm{ph}, 3 \mathrm{hp}$ |


| Cat. No. | Drive Input <br> ating \# | Self Protected Manual Motor <br> Controller Type and manufac- <br> turer | Self Protected Manual <br> Motor Controller rating |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 05F5 | $400 / 480 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> $/ 3 \mathrm{ph}$ | PKZMO-6.3E, Eaton Industries | $480 \mathrm{Y} / 277 \mathrm{~V}, 3 \mathrm{hp}$ |
| 07 F 5 | $400 / 480 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> $/ 3 \mathrm{ph}$ | PKZMO-10E, Eaton Industries | $480 \mathrm{Y} / 277 \mathrm{~V}, 7.5 \mathrm{hp}$ |
| 09 F 5 | $400 / 480 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> $/ 3 \mathrm{ph}$ | PKZMO-10E, Eaton Industries | $480 \mathrm{Y} / 277 \mathrm{~V}, 7.5 \mathrm{hp}$ |

\# all Drives series which use a Self Protected Motor Controller rated 480Y / 277 V are suitable for $480 \mathrm{Y} / 277 \mathrm{~V}$ source only.

## B. 3 Additional Manuals

You find supplementary manuals and instructions for the download under
www.keb.de > Service\&Downloads > Downloads

## General instructions

- Part 1 EMC-and safety instructions


## Unit-specific instructions

- Part 2 Power Circuit
- Part 3 Control Circuit


## Service notes

- Up- /Download of parameter lists with KEB COMBIVERT
- Error messages

Instruction and information for construction and development

- Application Manual
- Preparation of a user-defined parameter menu
- Programming of the digital inputs
- UL input fusing for COMBIVERT F5

Approvals and approbations

- Declaration of conformity CE
- UL-Yellow Card (http://www.ul.com)

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[^0]:    * Braking time depends on the actual frequency.

