COMBIVERT









GB - 3......GB - 40 This Instruction Manual describes the control circuit of the KEB COMBIVERT F5 - Series. It is only valid together with the Instruction Manuals Part 1 and Part 2. Both Instruction Manuals must be made available to the user. Prior to performing any work on the unit the user must familiarize himself with the unit. This includes especially the knowledge and observance of the safety and warning directions of Part 1. The pictographs used in this instruction manual have following meaning:



Danger Warning Caution



Attention, observe at all costs





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1. General

The frequency inverter KEB COMBIVERT F5-MULTI is a drive component, which is intended for installation in electrical systems or machines. The frequency inverter is exclusively for stepless speed control / regulation of three-phase asynchronous motors. The operation of other electrical consumers is not permitted and can lead to the destruction of the unit.

KEB COMBIVERT F5-MULTI has very extensive programming options. To make the operation and start-up simpler for the user, a special operator level was created in which the most important parameters are found. However, if the parameters pre-defined by KEB are not sufficient for your application an application manual is available.



2. Installation and Connection

2.1 Summary

2.1.1 Housing Size D - E

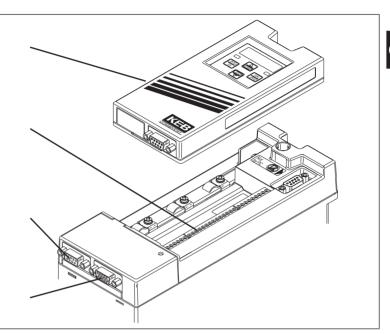
Optional Operator

with 9-pole Sub-D Socket Parameter Interface

X2A Connection Connection of control terminal

> X3B 9-pole Sub-D Socket **OPTION**

X3A 15-pole Sub-D Socket Connection of incremental encoder



2.1.2 Housing Size >= G

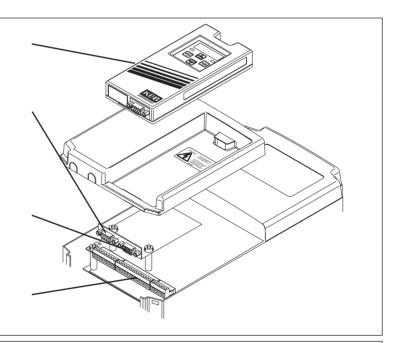
Optional Operator

with 9-pole Sub-D Socket Parameter Interface

X3A 15-pole Sub-D Socket Connection of incremental encoder

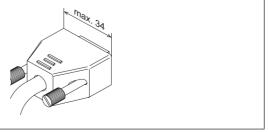
> X3B 9-pole Sub-D Socket **OPTION**

X2A Connection Connection of control terminal





Observe the maximal width of connectors for X3A and X3B



2.2 Control Circuit MULTI

X2A

2.2.1 Assignment of Terminal Strip X2A



PIN Function		Name	Description		
Anal	og inputs				
1	+ Set value input 1	AN1+	0±10 VDC ^ 0±CP.22		
2	- Set value input 1	AN1-	0±10 VDC ^ 0±CP.22	Resolution 12Bit	
3	+ Analog input 2	AN2+	0 140 V/DC A 0 1400 0/	Scan time 1 ms	
4	- Analog input 2	AN1-	0±10 VDC ^ 0±100 %		
Anal	og outputs			5mA; Ri=100 Ω	
5	Analog output 1	ANOUT1	Analog output of the real speed 0±10 VDC ^ 0±3000 rpm	Resolution 12 Bit PWM frequency 3,4 kHz	
6	Analog output 2	ANOUT2	Analog output of the apparent current 010 VDC ^ 02 x IN	Limiting frequency Filter 1. Harmonic 178 Hz	
Volta	age supply	,			
7	+10 V Output	CRF	Reference voltage for setpoint potentiometer	+10 VDC +5% / max. 4 mA	
8	Analog Mass	COM	Mass for analog in- and outputs		
	al inputs				
10	Fixed Speed 1	I1	I1+I2 = fixed speed 3 (default: 0 rpm)		
11	Fixed speed 2	12	no input = analog set value		
12	External fault	13	Input for external fault stopping mode 1)		
13	-	14	No function deposited in the CP-Mode	1330 V DC ±0% stabilized	
14	4 Limit switch forward F Software limit switch 1)		$Ri=2,1 k\Omega$		
15	Limit switch reverse	R	Software mini switch	Scan time 1 ms	
16	Control release / Reset	ontrol release / Reset ST Power modules are enabled; Error Reset at opening			
17	reset	RST	Reset; only when an error occurs		
Tran	sistor outputs				
18	Speed dependent	01	Transistor output switched at actual speed = se	t speed	
19	Ready signal	02	Transistor output switched, as long as no error	occurs	
Volta	age supply				
20	24 V-Output	Uout	Approx. 24V output (max.100 mA))		
21	2030 V-Input	Uin	Voltage input for external supply		
22	Digital Mass	0V	Potential for digital in-/outputs		
Rela	y Outputs				
	NO contact 1	RLA	Facility and a second s		
25	NC contact 1	RLB	Fault relay (default);		
26	Switching contact 1	RLC	Function can be changed with CP.33	at maximum	
27	NO contact 2	FLA	Dura Ciana al (de feedl)	-30 V DC	
28	NC contact 2	FLB	Run-Signal (default);	0.011A	
29					
	1) The reaction can be adjusted with CP.35 and CP. 36 If the unit is defective there is regularantee that the software protective function will work.				



2.2.2 Connection of the control circuit

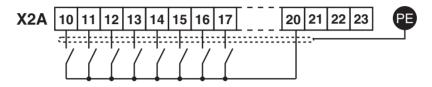
In order to prevent a malfunction caused by interference voltage supply on the control inputs, the following directions should be observed:



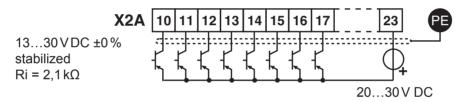
- · Use shielded / drilled cables
- · Lay shield on one side of the inverter onto earth potential
- Lay control and power cable separately (about 10...20 cm apart); Lay crossings in a right angle (in case it cannot be prevented)

2.2.3 Digital Inputs

Using of the internal voltage supply

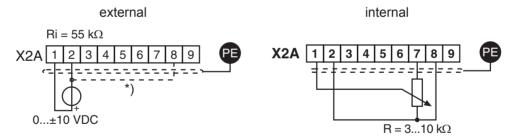


Using of an external voltage supply

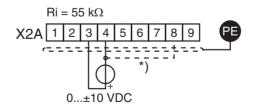


2.2.4 Analog Inputs

Connect unused analog inputs to common, to prevent set value fluctuations! Analog set value setting in speed regulated operation (CP.10 = 4):



Analog set value setting in torque regulated operation (CP.10 = 5) and reference source CP.28 = 1:

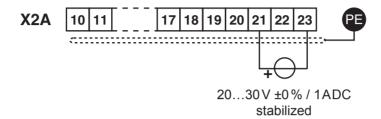




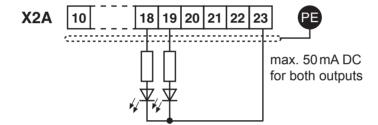
*) Connect potential equalizing line only if a potential difference of >30 V exists between the controls. The internal resistance is reduced to $30 \, \text{k}\Omega$.

2.2.5 Voltage Input / External Power Supply

The supply of the control circuit through an external voltage source keeps the control in operational condition even if the power stage is switched off. To prevent undefined conditions at external power supply the basic procedure is to first switch on the power supply and after that the inverter.

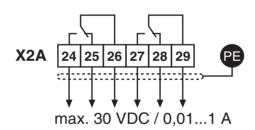


2.2.6 Digital Outputs

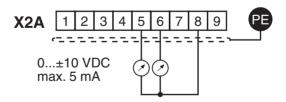


2.2.7 Relay Outputs

In case of inductive load on the relay outputs a protective wiring must be provided (e.g. free-wheeling diode)!

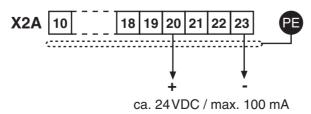


2.2.8 Analog Outputs



2.2.9 Voltage Output

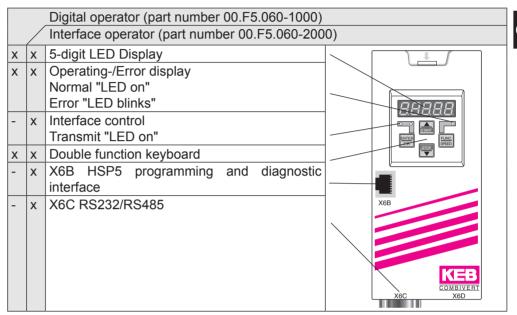
The voltage output serves for the setting of the digital inputs as well as for the supply of external control elements. Do no exceed the maximum output current of 100 mA.





2.3 Operator

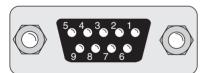
As an accessory to the local or external (option: cable 00.F5.0C0-1xxx) operation an operator is necessary. To prevent malfunctions, the inverter must be brought into nOP status before connecting / disconnecting the operator (open control release terminal). When starting the inverter, it is started with the last stored values or factory setting.





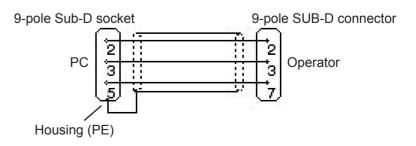
Only use the operator interface for the serial data transfer to RS232/485. The direct connection, PC to the inverter is only valid with a special cable (part number 00.F5.0C0-0001), otherwise, it would lead to the destruction of the PC-interface!





PIN	RS485	Signal	Meaning	
1	-	-	reserved	
2	-	TxD	transmission signal RS232	
3	-	RxD	receive signal RS232	
4	A'	RxD-A	receive signal A RS485	
5	B'	RxD-B	receive signal B RS485	
6	-	VP	Voltage supply +5 V (Imax=10 mA)	
7	C/C'	DGND	Data reference potential	
8	Α	TxD-A	transmission signal A RS485	
9	В	TxD-B	transmission signal B RS485	

RS 232 cable Part number 00.58.025-001D Length 3 m



3. Operation of the Unit

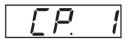
3.1 Keyboard

When switching on KEB COMBIVERT F5 the value of parameter CP.1 appears (see Drive mode to switch the keyboard function).

The function key (FUNC) changes between the parameter value and parameter number.







With UP (\blacktriangle) and DOWN (\blacktriangledown) the value of the parameter number is increased/decreased with changeable parameters.





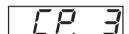




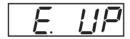


Principally during a change, parameter values are immediately accepted and stored non-volatile. However, with some parameters it is not useful that the adjusted value is accepted immediately. In these cases (CP.28, CP.32, CP.33, CP.34) the adjusted value is accepted and stored non-volatile by pressing ENTER.

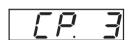
If a malfunction occurs during operation, then the actual display is overwritten by the alarm message. The alarm message in the display is reset by ENTER.



== Error ==>









With ENTER only the error message in the display is reset. In the inverter status display (CP.3) the error is still displayed. In order to reset the error itself, the cause must be removed or a power-on reset must be made.



3.2 Parameter description

Parame	eter	Setting range	Resolution	Default	4
CP.00	Password Input	09999	1	_	
CP.01	Encoder 1 speed	_	0,125 1rpm	_	
CP.02	Setpoint display	_	0,125 1rpm	_	
CP.03	Inverter state	_	1	_	
CP.04	Apparent current	-	0.1 A	_	
CP.05	Peak apparent current	_	0.1 A	_	
CP.06	Actual torque	_	0.01 Nm	_	
CP.07	Actual DC voltage	_	1 V	_	
CP.08	Peak DC voltage	_	1 V	_	
CP.09	Output voltage	_	1 V	_	
CP.10	Speed control configuration	0 (off)5	1	0 (off)	
CP.11	DASM Rated speed	064000 rpm	1 rpm	LTK ²⁾	
CP.12	DASM rated frequency	0.01600.0 Hz	0.1 Hz	LTK ²⁾	
CP.13	DASM rated current	0.0710.0 A	0.1 A	LTK ²⁾	
CP.14	DASM Rated voltage	120500 V	1 V	LTK ²⁾	
CP.15	DASM Rated cos (phi)	0.501.00	0.01	LTK ²⁾	
CP.16	DASM Rated power	0.35400.00 kW	0.01 kW	LTK ²⁾	
CP.17	Load motor dependent parameter	02	1	0	
CP.18	Boost	0.025.5 %	0.1 %	2%	
CP.19	rated frequency	0400 Hz	0.0125 Hz	50 Hz	
CP.20	Encoder 1 (inc/r)	116383 inc.	1 inc.	2500 inc.	
CP.21	Encoder 1 rotation	019	1	0	Х
CP.22	Maximum speed	04000 rpm	0.125 rpm	2100 rpm	
CP.23	Step value 1	<u>+</u> 4000 rpm	0.125 rpm	100 rpm	
CP.24	Step value 2	<u>+</u> 4000 rpm	0.125 rpm	-100 rpm	
CP.25	Acceleration time	0.00300.00 s	0.01 s	5.00 s	
CP.26	Deceleration time	-0.01300.00 s	0.01 s	5.00 s	
CP.27	S-curve time	0.00 (off)5.00 s	0.01 s	0.00 s (off)	
CP.28	Torque reference source	05	1	2	Х
CP.29	Absolute torque reference	<u>+</u> 10000.00	0.01 Nm	LTK 2)	
CP.30	KP speed	032767	1	300	
CP.31	KI speed	032767	1	100	
CP.32	Switching frequency	2/4/8/12/16 kHz	_	_ 2)	Х
CP.33	Relay output 1 / Function	075	1	4	Х
CP.34	Relay output 2 / Function	075	1	2	Х
CP.35	Reaction to limit switch	06	1	6	
CP.36	Reaction to external fault	06	1	0	

depending on size (see 3.3 "Factory Settings")



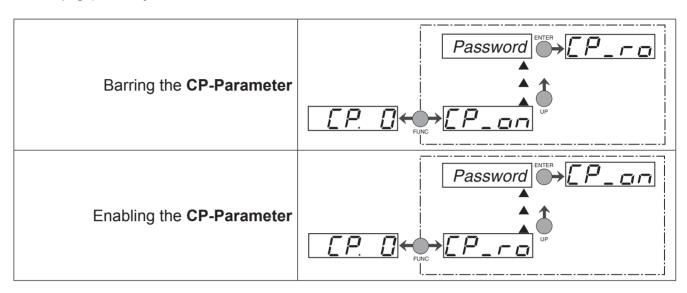
Due to the calculation / measuring accuracies, tolerances with the current and torque displays as well as with the switching levels and limitations, must be taken into consideration. The given tolerances (see parameter description) refer to the respective maximum values with the dimensioning KEB COMBIVERT: Motor = 1:1.

Dependent on the data from the motor manufacturer, larger tolerances at the torque displays are possible, due to the usual variations in the machine parameters and temperature drifts.

3.2.1 Password Input

CP.00 Password Input

Ex works the frequency inverter is supplied without password protection, this means that all changeable parameters can be adjusted. After parameterizing the unit can be barred against unauthorized access (Passwords: see last but one page). The adjusted mode is stored.



3.2.2 Operating Display

The parameters below serve for the controlling of the frequency inverter during operation.

CP.01 Encoder 1 speed

Co-domain	Description
0±4000 rpm	Display of actual motor speed (incremental encoder 1). For control reasons the set speed is displayed, even if the control release or direction of rotation are not switched. A counter-clockwise rotating field (reverse) is represented by a negative sign. Precondition for the correct display value is the in-phase connection of the motor and the correct setting of the encoder line number (CP.20) as well as the direction of rotation (CP.21).

CP.02 Setpoint display

	Co-domain	Description	
0)±4000 rpm	Display of actually set value. For control reasons the set speed is displayed, even if the	
		control release or direction of rotation are not switched. If no direction of rotation is set,	
the set speed for clockwise rotation (forward) is displayed.		the set speed for clockwise rotation (forward) is displayed.	

CP.03 Inverter status

The status display shows the actual working conditions of the inverter. Possible displays and their meanings are:

The etatae alep	The status display shows the detail working contained of the invertee. I escape displays and their meanings are.				
noP	"no Operation" control release not bridged; modulation switched off; output voltage = 0 V; drive				
	is not controlled.				
	"Low Speed" no direction of rotation preset; modulation switched off; output voltage = 0 V; drive				
	is not controlled.				
FACC	"Forward Acceleration" drive accelerates with direction of rotation forward.				
FHF	"Forward Deceleration" drive decelerates with direction of rotation forward.				
	further on next side				



rAcc	"Reverse Acceleration" drive accelerates with direction of rotation reverse.
rdEc	"Reverse Deceleration" drive decelerates with direction of rotation reverse.
Fean	"Forward Constant" drive runs with a constant speed and direction of rotation forward.
	"Reverse Constant" drive runs with constant speed and direction of rotation reverse.

Other status messages are described at the parameters, where they occur (see chapter 4 "Error diagnosis").

CP.04 Apparent current

Co-domain	Description
0±6553.5A	Display of the actual apparent current in ampere.

CP.05 Apparent current / peak value

	Co-domain	Description	
ſ	0±6553.5A	CP.5 makes is possible to recognize the max. apparent current. For that the highest v	
		of CP.4 is stored in CP.5. The peak value memory can be cleared by pressing the UP,	
		DOWN or ENTER key or over bus by writing any value you like to the address of CP.5.	
		The switch off of the inverter also clears the memory.	

CP.06 Actual torque

Co-domain	Description
0.0±10000.00A	The displayed value corresponds to the actual motor torque in Nm. The value is calculated from the active current. Because of normal type differences and temperature deviations of the motors, tolerances of up to 30 % are possible in the base speed range (see reference at 3.2).
	Requirement for the torque display is the adjustment of the motor data (CP.11CP.16). If the real motor data deviate strongly from the data on the name plate the operating performance can be optimized by entering the real data. The adjustment of the name plate data is sufficient for a start-up.

CP.07 Intermediate circuit voltage

Display	Description	Description			
01000 V Display of actual DC-link voltage in volt. Typical values:					
	V-class	Normal operation	Overvoltage (E.OP)	Undervoltage (E.UP)	
	230 V	300330 V DC	approx. 400 V DC	approx. 216 V DC	
	400 V	530620 V DC	approx. 800 V DC	approx. 240 V DC	

CP.08 DC-link voltage / peak value

Display	Description
01000 V	CP.8 makes it possible to recognize short-time voltage rises within an operating cycle. For
	that the highest value of CP.7 is stored in CP.8. The peak value memory can be cleared
	by pressing the UP, DOWN or ENTER key or over bus by writing any value you like to the
	address of CP.8. The switch off of the inverter also clears the memory.

CP.09 Output voltage

Co-domain	Description
0778 V	Display of the actual output voltage in volt.

3.2.3 Basic Adjustment of the Drive

The following parameters determine the fundamental operating data of the drive and must be adjusted for the initial commissioning (see chapter 5 "Start-up"). They should be checked and/or adapted to the application.

CP.10 Speed control configuration

Input	Setting	Function	Description
0	Х	off (open loop operation)	
1		-reserved-	
2		-reserved-	
3		off (open loop operation)	With this parameter the basis setting of
4		Speed control (closed loop operation)	With this parameter the basic setting of the speed controller is determined.
5		Torque control (closed loop operation)	the speed controller is determined.
6		Torque-/speed control (closed loop	
		operation)	
7127		off (open loop operation)	

CP.11 DASM rated motor speed

Co-domain	Setting	Description
064000 rpm	see 3.3	Adjustment of rated motor speed according to the name plate. The factory
		setting depends on the unit size (see 3.3 "Factory Settings").

CP.12 DASM rated frequency

Co-domain	Setting	Description
0.01600.0 Hz		Adjustment of the rated motor frequency according to the name plate. The factory setting depends on the unit size (see 3.3 "Factory Settings").
		ractory setting depends on the drift size (see 5.5 % detaily settings).

CP.13 DASM rated current

Co-domain	Setting	Description
0.0710.0 A		Adjustment of the rated motor current according to the name plate and the connection (Y / Δ). The factory setting depends on the unit size (see 3.3 "Factory Settings").

CP.14 DASM rated voltage

Co-domain	Setting	Description
120500 V		Adjustment of the rated motor current according to the name plate and the
		connection (Y / Δ). The factory setting depends on the unit size (see 3.3
		"Factory Settings").

CP.15 DASM cos (phi)

Co-domain	Setting	Description
0.501.00		Adjustment of the motor cos(phi) according to the name plate. The factory
		setting depends on the unit size (see 3.3 "Factory Settings").



CP.16 DASM rated power

Co-domain	Setting	Description
0.35400 kW	see 3.3	Adjustment of the rated motor power according to the name plate. The factory
		setting depends on the unit size (see 3.3 "Factory Settings").

CP.17 Load motor dependent parameter

The basic settings of the inverter correspond to the size of the unit and the respective motor (see 3.3 "Factory Settings"). If the motor data in CP.11...16 are changed, then CP.17 must be activated once. This re-adjusts the current controller, torque curve and torque limit. With this, the torque limit is set at the value, that is maximally possible in the speed range (depending on inverter rated current), but not above the rated motor torque x 3.

Co-domain	Setting	Description
1	Х	Pre-adjustment of the motor-dependent control-parameters.
		The voltage class of the inverter is taken as input voltage.
2		Pre-adjustment of the motor-dependent control-parameters. The measured DC-link voltage divided by $\sqrt{2}$ measured at switch on is taken as input voltage. Thus the frequency inverter can be adapted to the actually available mains voltage (e.g. USA with 460 V).
	When control release is active the adjustment was not completed. "nco" appears in the display.	

CP.18 Boost

Co-domain	Setting	Description
0.025.5%	2%	In the lower speed range a large part of the motor voltage decreases on the stator resistance. So that the breakdown torque of the motor remains nearly constant in the controlled operation over the entire speed range, the voltage drop can be compensated by the Boost. During regulated operation (CP.10 = 4 or 5) this parameter has no function. Adjustment: • Determine the rate of utilization in no-load operation with rated speed • Preset about 300 rpm and adjust the boost, so that about the same rate of utilization is reached as with the rated speed.
\triangle		motor, during continuous operation, drives with low speed and too high voltage to an overheating of the motor.

CP.19 rated frequency

Co-domain	Setting	Description
0.00400.00 Hz	50 Hz	With the adjusted frequency the inverter reaches in controlled operation a
		maximal output voltage. The adjustment of the rated motor frequency is typical
		in this case.
		100%



Motors can overheat when the rated frequency is incorrectly adjusted. During regulated operation (CP.10 = 4 or 5) this parameter has no function.

CP.20 Encoder line number 1

Co-domain	Setting	Description	
116383 inc		With this parameter the encoder line number is adjusted to the encoder that is connected to channel 1. Check the set and actual speed displays during controlled operation and compare. The correct settings must be actual speed = set speed - slip.	
i	The co-domain can vary due to different encoder identifiers.		

CP.21 Encoder 1 rotation

Bit	Value	Function	Description		
0		Encoder rotation	If you find that during start-up in controlled operation		
	0	no modification (default)	the actual and setpoint speed have different signs it		
	1	inverted	can be an indication for a wrong connection of the		
1	0	-reserved-	incremental encoder. If possible the wiring should be		
2	0	-reserved-	corrected. Should this involve too much effort then		
3	0	-reserved-	you can achieve a rotation reversal of encoder 1 by		
4		system inverting	means of this parameter. The effect corresponds to a change of the A and B tracks of the incremental		
	0	no modification (default)	encoder.		
	16	inverted	A system inverting can be adjusted with bit 4. With		
			this it is possible to run the motor with positive setting		
			counter-clockwise at the shaft.		
	The bit values are to be added up and confirm by "ENTER".				



3.2.4 Special Adjustments

The following parameters serve for the optimization of the drive and the adaption to certain applications. These adjustments can be ignored at the initial start-up.

CP.22 Maximum speed

Co-domain	Setting	Description	
04000 rpm	2100 rpm	In order to limit the setpoint value a maximum speed must be preset. This limit	
		value is the basis for further setpoint calculations and for the determination	
		of setpoint characteristics. The maximum speed limits the setpoint speed	
		only. Because of speed ripples, speed overshoot or hardware defects (e.g.	
		defective encoder) the actual speed may exceed these limits.	

CP.23 Fixed speed 1 (input 1)

CP.24 Fixed speed 2 (input 2)

	Co-domain	Setting	Description
CP.23	0±4000 rpm	100 rpm	Two fixed speeds can be adjusted. The selection is made by the inputs I1 and I2. If adjustments are made that are outside the fixed
CP.24	,		limit of CP.22, then the speed is internally limited.
i	Input I1 + input I2 = fixed speed 3 (factory setting = 0 rpm) The Step speed 3 cannot adjusted in the CP-mode.		

CP.25 Acceleration time

	Co-domain	Setting	Description		
	0.00300.00 s	5.00s	Defines the time needed to accelerate from 0 to 1000 rpm. The actual		
			acceleration time is proportional to the speed change (Δn) .		
Δn	Speed change		n [rpm]		
Δt	Acceleration time for Δ	n	^		
			1000		
			800 †		
			300 At		
		Example	The drive should accelerate from 300 rpm auf 800 rpm in 1 s.		
			$\Delta n = 800 \text{rpm} - 300 \text{rpm} = 500 \text{rpm}$ $\Delta t = 1 \text{s}$		
			CP.25 = $\frac{\Delta t}{\Delta n}$ x 1000 rpm = $\frac{1 \text{ s}}{500 \text{ rpm}}$ x 1000 rpm = 2 s		

CP.26 Deceleration time

	Co-domain	Setting	Description		
	-0.01300.00 s 5.00 s		Defines the time needed to accelerate from 1000 to 0 rpm. The actual		
			deceleration time is proportional to the speed change (\(\Delta n \)). At a		
			deceleration time of -1 the value from CP.25 is used (Display "=Acc")!		
Δn	Speed change		n [rpm]		
Δt	Δt Deceleration time for Δn		1000 Δt		
			300 An		
			0 t [s]		
		Example	The drive should decelerate from 800 rpm to 300 rpm in 1 s.		
			$\Delta n = 800 \text{rpm} - 300 \text{rpm} = 500 \text{rpm}$ $\Delta t = 1 \text{s}$		
			CP.26 = $\frac{\Delta t}{\Delta n}$ x 1000 rpm = $\frac{1 \text{ s}}{500 \text{ rpm}}$ x 1000 rpm = 2 s		

CP.27 S-curve time

Co-domain	Setting	Description
0.00 (off)5.00 s	0.00s (off)	For some applications it is of advantage when the drive starts and stops
t1 S-curve time (CP.27	')	jerk-free. This is achieved through a straightening of the acceleration and
t2 Acceleration time (C	P.25)	deceleration ramps. The straightening time, also called S-curve time, can
t3 Deceleration time (C		be adjusted with CP.27.
+n [rpm]	/	
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
t1 t1 t1 - n [rpm]		$\begin{array}{c} t2 \\ t1 \\ t1 \\ t3 \\ \end{array}$

In order to drive defined ramps with activated S-curve time, the acceleration and deceleration times (CP.25 and CP.26) must be adjusted higher than the S-curve time (CP.27).



CP.28 Torque reference source

Value	Source	Setting range	Description		
0	AN1+ / AN1-	0 %±100 % = 0±CP.29			
1	AN2+ / AN2- 0 %±100 % = 0±CP.29		With this parameter the required setpoint source		
2	digital absolute CP.29		for torque control can be adjusted.		
35	only application mode				
The va	The values must be confirm by "ENTER".				

CP.29 Absolute torque reference

Co-domain	Setting	Description	
±10000.00 Nm	see 3.3	The absolute torque reference of the drive is adjusted with parameter CP.29 in torque controlled operation (CP.10 = 5) and with digital setpoint setting (CP.28 = 2). The sign stands for direction of rotation to be active. In speed controlled operation (CP.10 = 4) the parameter works as torque limit in all quadrants. The sign has no effect at that. The factory setting depends on the unit size (see 3.3 "Factory Settings"). During controlled operation (CP10) this parameter has no function.	
i	Because of normal type differences and temperature deviations of the motors, tolerances of up to 30% are possible in the base speed range (see reference on page 13).		

CP.30 KP speed

Co-domain	Setting	Description	
032767	300	The proportional factor of the speed controller is adjusted in these parameters	
		(see chapter 5 "Start-up").	

CP.31 KI speed

Co-domain	Setting	Description
032767	100	The integral factor of the speed controller is adjusted in these parameters (see
		chapter 5 "Start-up").

CP.32 Switching frequency

Co-domain	Setting	Description		
2/4/8/12/16kHz		The switching frequency with which the power modules are clocked can be changed depending on the application. The employed power stage determines the maximum switching frequency as well as the factory setting (see manual: part 2). The values must be confirm by "ENTER".		
Refer to following lis	st to learn	low switching frequency	high switching frequency	
about influences and effects of		less inverter heating	less noise development	
the switching frequency.		less discharge current	improved sine-wave simulation	
		less switching losses	less motor losses	
		less radio interferences	improved controller characteristics	
		improved concentricity with low		
		speed (only open loop!)		



At switching frequencies above 4 kHz pay absolute attention to the max. motor line length in the technical data of the power circuit manual (Part 2).

CP.33 Relay output 1 / function

CP.34 Relay output 2 / function

CP.33 and CP.34 determine the function of the two relay outputs (terminals X2A.24...26 and X2A.27...29). The values must be confirm by "ENTER".

Value	Function
0	No function (generally off)
1	Generally on
2	Run signal; also by DC-braking
3	Ready signal (no error)
4	Fault relay
5	Fault relay (not at under voltage error)
6	Warning or error message at abnormal stopping
7	Overload alert signal
8	Overtemperature alert signal power modules
9	External overtemperature alert signal motor
10	Only application mode
11	Overtemperature alert signal interior OHI
1219	Only application mode
20	Actual value = set value (CP.3 = Fcon; rcon; not at noP, LS, error, SSF)
21	Accelerate (CP.3 = FAcc, rAcc, LAS)
22	Decelerate (CP.3 = FdEc, rdEc, LdS)
23	Real direction of rotation = set direction of rotation
24	Utilization > switching level 1)
25	Active current > switching level 1)
26	Only application mode
27	Real value (CP.1) > switching level 1)
-	` ,
28 2930	Setpoint (CP.2) > switching level 1)
	Only application mode
31	Absolute setpoint at AN2 > switching level 1)
_	Absolute setpoint at AN2 > switching level 1)
33	Only application mode Setpoint at AN1 > switching level 1)
35	<u> </u>
3639	Setpoint at AN2 > switching level 1) Only application mode
40	Hardware current limit activated
41	
	Modulation on-signal
4246	Only application mode Ramp output value > switching level 1)
48	
49	Apparent current (CP.4) > switching level 1)
50	Forward running (not at nOP, LS, abnormal stopping or error) Reverse running (not at nOP, LS, abnormal stopping or error)
51	Warning E.OL2
52	
53	Current regulator limit reached Speed regulator limit reached
5462	Only application mode
63	Absolute value ANOUT1 > switching level 1)
64	Absolute value ANOUT 1 > switching level 1) Absolute value ANOUT2 > switching level 1)
65	ANOUT1 > switching level 1)
66	ANOUT > switching level 1) ANOUT2 > switching level 1)
6769	Only application mode
70	Driving current active (safety relay)
7172	Only application mode
73	Absolut active power > switching level 1)
74	Active power > switching level 1)
7579	Only application mode
80	Active current > switching level 1)
00	further on next side
	Turtilei on next side



Value	Function
81	Real value channel 1 > switching level 1)
82	Real value channel 2 > switching level 1)
83	HSP5 bus synchronized
84	Only application mode

¹⁾ Switching level of CP.33 = 100; switching level of CP.34 = 4

CP.35 Limit switch / stopping mode

This parameter determines the reaction of the drive, to terminal X2A.14 (F) and/or X2A.15 (R). These terminals are programmed as limit switches. The reaction of the drive is shown in the table below. Value Setting Display Reaction Restart Immediate disabling of modulation 0 E.PRx Quick stopping / disabling of modulation after reaching Remove fault, 1 A.PRx speed 0 reset 2 A.PRx Quick stopping / holding torque at speed 0 A.PRx Immediate disabling of modulation 3 Quick stopping / disabling of modulation after reaching Autoreset, if no fault 4 A.PRx speed 0 is present Quick stopping / holding torque at speed 0 5 A.PRx 6 No effect to the drive, fault is ignored! Χ

CP.36 Reaction to external fault

	With the external error monitoring external units can take direct influence on the drive. This parameter determines the response of the drive to a signal at terminal X2A.12 (I3) according to following table.					
Value	Setting	Display	Reaction	Restart		
0	Х	E.PRx	Immediate disabling of modulation			
1		A.PRx	Quick stopping / disabling of modulation after reaching speed 0	Remove fault, reset		
2		A.PRx	Quick stopping / holding torque at speed 0			
3		A.PRx	Immediate disabling of modulation			
4		A.PRx	Quick stopping / disabling of modulation after reaching speed 0	Autoreset, if no fault is present		
5		A.PRx	Quick stopping / holding torque at speed 0			
6		_	No effect to the drive, fault is ignored!	_		



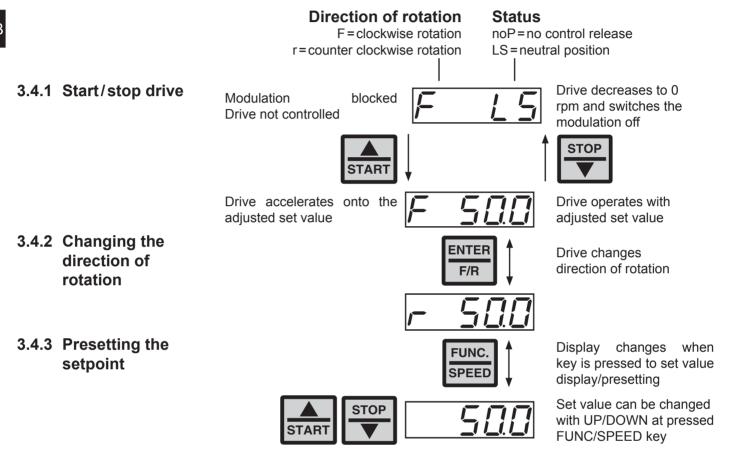
3.3

Factory SettingsIn the table below the factory settings for the size-dependent parameter values are listed.

Parameter	CP.11	CP.12	CP.13	CP.14	CP.15	CP.16	_	CP.29
Unit size/ voltage class	Rated motor speed	Rated motor frequency	Rated motor current	Rated motor voltage	Rated motor cos(Phi)	Rated motor	Rated motor power	Maximum torque
	[rpm]	[Hz]	[A]	[V]		cos(Phi)	[kW]	[Nm]
09/200V	1400	50	5,9	230	0,83	1,5	10,23	22,09
10/200V	1420	50	9,0	230	0,83	2,2	14,79	30,68
12/200V	1435	50	15,2	230	0,78	4,0	26,61	53,53
13/200V	1440	50	18,2	230	0,89	5,5	36,47	69,92
14/200V	1450	50	26,0	230	0,84	7,5	49,39	93,40
15/200V	1450	50	37,5	230	0,85	11,0	72,43	137,48
16/200V	1465	50	50,0	230	0,86	15,0	97,76	190,64
17/200V	1460	50	60,5	230	0,86	18,5	120,99	248,74
1772000	1400	30	00,5	230	0,00	10,5	120,00	240,74
09/400V	1400	50	3,4	400	0,83	1,5	10,23	22,47
10/400V	1420	50	5,2	400	0,78	2,2	14,79	30,81
12/400V	1435	50	8,8	400	0,79	4,0	26,61	53,21
13/400V	1440	50	10,5	400	0,89	5,5	36,47	73,26
14/400V	1450	50	15,0	400	0,84	7,5	49,39	80,12
15/400V	1450	50	21,5	400	0,85	11,0	72,43	118,83
16/400V	1465	50	28,5	400	0,86	15,0	97,76	165,88
17/400V	1460	50	35,0	400	0,86	18,5	120,99	213,37
18/400V	1465	50	42,0	400	0,84	22,0	143,83	253,27
19/400V	1465	50	55,5	400	0,85	30,0	195,52	309,88
20/400V	1470	50	67,0	400	0,86	37,0	240,33	393,60
21/400V	1470	50	81,0	400	0,86	45,0	292,29	474,91
22/400V	1475	50	98,5	400	0,86	55,0	356,03	609,86
23/400V	1480	50	140,0	400	0,87	75,0	483,85	752,75
24/400V	1480	50	168,0	400	0,86	90,0	580,63	907,29
25/400V	1485	50	210,0	400	0,85	110,0	707,26	833,38
26/400V	1485	50	240,0	400	0,87	132,0	848,72	1.041,70
27/400V	1485	50	287,0	400	0,88	160,0	1028,75	1.264,01
28/400V	1485	50	370,0	400	0,88	200,0	1285,93	1.413,37
29/400V	1485	50	420,0	400	0,88	250,0	1607,42	1.780,29
30/400V	1490	50	535,0	400	0,88	315,0	2018,55	1.938,63
31/400V	1490	50	623,0	400	0,85	355,0	2274,87	2.566,84
32/400V	1490	50	710,0	400	0,84	400,0	2563,24	3.012,88

3.4 The drive mode

The Drive Mode is an operating mode of KEB COMBIVERT that permits the manual starting of the drive by the operator. After switching the control release the set value and rotation setting are effected exclusively over the keyboard. In order to activate the drive mode the corresponding password (see last but one page) must be entered in CP. 0. The display switches over as follows:



3.4.4 Leaving the drive mode

To exit the drive mode the inverter must be in status "stop" (Display noP or LS). Press the FUNC and ENTER keys simultaneously for about 3 seconds to leave the drive mode. The CP-parameters appear in the display.





4. Error Assistance

At KEB COMBIVERT error messages are always represented with an "E." and the appropriate error in the display. Error messages cause the immediate deactivation of the modulation. Restart possible only after reset or autoreset.

Malfunction are represented with an "A." and the appropriate message. Reactions to malfunctions can vary. In the following the display and their cause are described.

Display	COMBIVIS		Meaning	
	Status Messages			
bbL	base block	76	Power modules for motor de-excitation locked	
bon	close brake	85	Brake control, brake engaged (see chapter 6.9)	
boFF	open brake	86	Brake control, brake released (see chapter 6.9)	
Cdd	calculate drive	82	Measurement of the motor stator resistance.	
dcb	DC brake	75	Motor is decelerated by a DC-voltage at the output.	
dLS	low speed / DC brake	77	Modulation is switched off after DC-braking (see chapter 6.9 "DC-Braking").	
FAcc	forward acceleration	64	Acceleration with the adjusted ramps in clockwise direction of rotation.	
Fcon	forward constant	66	Acceleration / deceleration phase is completed and it is driven with constant speed / frequency in clockwise direction of rotation.	
FdEc	forward deceleration	65	It is stopped with the adjusted ramp times in clockwise direction of rotation.	
HCL	hardware current limit	80	The message is output if the output current reaches the hardware current limit.	
LAS	LA stop	72	This message is displayed if during acceleration the load is limited to the adjusted load level.	
LdS	Ld stop	73	This message is displayed if during deceleration the load is limited to the adjusted load level or the DC-link current to the adjusted voltage level.	
LS	low speed	70	No direction of rotation pre-set, modulation is off.	
nO_PU	power unit not ready	13	Power circuit not ready or not identified by the control.	
noP	no operation	0	Control release (terminal ST) is not switched.	
PA	positioning active	122	This message is displayed during a positioning process.	
PLS	low speed / power off	84	No modulation after Power-Off.	
PnA	position not reachable	123	The specified position cannot be reached within the pre-set ramps. The abort of the positioning can be programmed.	
POFF	power off function	78	Depending on the programming of the function (see chapter 6.9 "Power-off Function) the inverter restarts automatically upon system recovery or after a reset.	
POSI	positioning	83	Positioning function active (F5-G).	
rAcc	reverse acceleration	67	Acceleration with the adjusted ramp times in anti-clockwise direction of rotation.	
rcon	reverse constant	69	Acceleration / deceleration phase is completed and it is driven with constant speed / frequency in clockwise direction of rotation.	
rdEc	reverse deceleration	68	It is stopped with the adjusted ramp times in anti-clockwise direction of rotation.	
rFP	ready for positioning	121	The drive signals that it is ready to start the positioning process.	
SLL	stall	71	This message is displayed if during constant operation the load is limited to the adjusted current limit.	
SrA	search for ref. active	81	Search for reference point approach active.	
SSF	speed search	74	Speed search function active, that means that the inverter attempts to synchronize onto a running down motor.	
STOP	quick stop	79	The message is output if as response to a warning signal the quick-stop function becomes active.	
		-	further on next side	

Display	COMBIVIS		Meaning	
	Error Messages			
E. br	E. br Error! brake		Error: can occur in the case of switched on brake control (see chapter 6.9.5), if the load is below the minimum load level (Pn.43) at start up or the absence of an engine phase was detected	
E.buS	Error! Watchdog	18	the load is too high and the hardware current limit is reached Adjusted monitoring time (Watchdog) of communication between operator and PC / operator and inverter has been exceeded.	
E.Cdd	Error! calc. drive data	60	Error: During the automatic motor stator resistance measurement.	
E.co1	Error! counter overrun 1	54	Counter overflow encoder channel 1.	
E.co2	Error! counter overrun 2	55	Counter overflow encoder channel 2.	
E.dOH	Error! drive overheat	9	Error: Overtemperature of motor PTC. Error can only be reset at E.ndOH, if PTC is again low-resistance. Causes: resistance at the terminals T1/T2 >1650 Ohm motor overloaded line breakage to the temperature sensor	
E.dri	Error! driver relay	51	Error: Driver relay. Relay for driver voltage on power circuit has not picked up even though control release was given.	
E.EEP	Error! EEPROM defective t	21	After reset the operation is again possible (without storage in the EEPROM)	
E. EF	Error! external fault	Error: External error. Is triggered, if a digital input is being proase external error input and trips.		
E.EnC	Error! Encoder cable	32	Cable breakage at the resolver or incremental encoder	
E.Hyb	Error! hybrid	52	Invalid encoder interface identifier.	
E.HybC	Error! hybrid changed	59	Error: Encoder interface identifier has changed, it must be confirmed over ec.0 or ec.10.	
E.iEd	Error! input error detect	53	Hardware failure at the NPN/PNP change-over or at the start/stop measurement.	
E.InI	Error! initialisation MFC	57	MFC not booted.	
E.LSF	Error! load shunt fault	15	Load-shunt relay has not picked up. occurs for a short time during the switch-on phase, but must automatically be reset immediately. If the error message remains the following causes may be applicable: load-shunt defective input voltage wrong or too low high losses in the supply cable braking resistor wrongly connected or damaged braking module defective	
E.ndOH	no ERROR drive overheat	11	Motor temperature switch or PTC at the terminals T1/T2 is again in the normal operating range. The error can be reset now.	
E.nOH	no E. over heat pow.mod.	36	Temperature of the heat sink is again in the permissible operating range. The error can be reset now.	
E.nOHI	no ERROR overheat int.	7	No longer overheating in the interior E.OHI, interior temperature has fallen by at least 3°C	
E.nOL	no ERROR overload	17	No more overload, OL-counter has reached 0%; after the error E.OL a cooling phase must elapse. This message appears upon completion of the cooling phase. The error can be reset now. The inverter must remain switched on during the cooling phase.	
E.nOL2	no ERROR overload 2	20	The cooling time has elapsed. The error can be reset.	
	1		further on next side	



Display	COMBIVIS		Meaning
			Occurs, if the specified peak current is exceeded. Causes:
			acceleration ramps too short
			the load is too big at turned off acceleration stop and turned off constant
			current limit
F 00	Farant accounts at		short-circuit at the output
E. OC	Error! overcurrent	4	short-circuit at the output
			deceleration ramp too short
			motor cable too long
			EMC
			DC brake at high ratings active (see 6.9.3)
			Error: Overtemperature of power module. Error can only be reset at
			E.nOH. Causes:
E. OH	Error! overheat pow.mod.	8	insufficient air flow at the heat sink (soiled)
			ambient temperature too high
			ventilator clogged
E.OH2	Error! motor protection	30	Electronic motor protective relay has tripped.
E.OHI	Error! overheat internal	6	Error: Overheating in the interior: error can only be reset at E.nOHI, if
L.OI II	Lifor: overneat internal		the interior temperature has dropped by at least 3 °C.
			Error: Overload error can only be reset at E.nOL, if OL-counter reaches
			0% again. Occurs, if an excessive load is applied longer than for the
			permissible time (see technical data). Causes:
E. OL	Error! overload (lxt)	16	poor control adjustment (overshooting)
2. 02			mechanical fault or overload in the application
			inverter not correctly dimensioned
			motor wrongly wired motor wrongly wired
			encoder damaged
E 01.2	Frank averland 2	10	Occurs if the standstill constant current is exceeded (see technical data
E.OL2	Error! overload 2	19	and overload characteristics). The error can only be reset if the cooling
			time has elapsed and E.nOL2 is displayed. Voltage in the DC-link circuit too high. Occurs when the DC bus voltage
			rises above the permissible value. Causes:
			poor controller adjustment (overshooting)
E. OP	Error! Overvoltage	1	input voltage too high
L. Or	Life : Overvoitage	'	interference voltages at the input
			deceleration ramp too short
			braking resistor defective or too small
E.OS	Error! over speed	58	Real speed is bigger than the max. output speed.
E.PFC	Error! Power factor control	33	Error in the power factor control
L.1 1 0	Endin ower ladior control	00	The drive has driven onto the right limit switch. Programmed response
E.PrF	Error! prot. rot. for.	46	"Error, restart after reset" (see chapter 6.7 "Response to errors or
			warning messages").
			The drive has driven onto the left limit switch. Programmed response
E.Prr	Error! prot. rot. rev.	47	"Error, restart after reset" (see chapter 6.7 "Response to errors or
			warning messages").
E. Pu	Error! power unit	12	Error: General power circuit fault
E.Puci Error! Unknown power unit 49 Error: During the initializatio		Error: During the initialization the power circuit could not be recognized	
E.FUCI	Error! Unknown power unit	49	or was identified as invalid.
			further on next side

Display	COMBIVIS		Meaning	
E.Puch	Error! power unit changed	50	Error: Power circuit identification was changed; with a valid power circuithis error can be reset by writing to SY.3. If the value displayed in SY.3 is written, only the power-circuit dependent parameters are reinitialized. If any other value is written, then the default set is loaded. On some systems after writing Sy.3 a Power-On-Reset is necessary.	
E.PUCO	Error! Power unit communication	22	Error: Parameter value could not be written to the power circuit. Acknowledgement from LT <> OK	
E.PUIN	Error! Power unit invalid	14	Error: Software version for power circuit and control card are different. Error cannot be reset (only at F5-G B-housing)	
E.SbuS	Error! bus synchron	23	Sychronization over sercos-bus not possible. Programmed response "Error, restart after reset".	
E.SEt	Error! set	39	It has been attempted to select a locked parameter set. Programmed response "Error, restart after reset".	
E.SLF	Error! Software limit switch forward	44	The target position lies outside of the limit defined with the right software limit switch. Programmed response "Error, restart after reset".	
E.SLr	Error! Software limit switch reverse	45	The target position lies outside of the limit defined with the left software limit switch. Programmed response "Error, restart after reset".	
			Error: Undervoltage (DC-link circuit) Occurs, if DC-link voltage falls below the permissible value. Causes: input voltage too low or instable inverter rating too small	
E. UP	Error! underpotential	2	voltage losses through wrong cabling the supply voltage through generator / transformer breaks down at very short ramps at F5-G housing B E.UP is also displayed if no communication takes place between power circuit and control card.	
E.UPh	Error! Phase failure		jump factor (Pn.56) too small if a digital input was programmed as external error input with error message E.UP (Pn.65).	
E.UPII		3	One phase of the input voltage is missing (ripple-detection)	
A.buS	Warning Messages Warning! Watchdog	93	Warning: Watchdog for communication between operator/control card or operator/PC has responded. The response to this warning can be programmed.	
A.dOH	Warning! drive overheat	96	The motor temperature has exceeded an adjustable warning level. The switch off time is started. The response to this warning can be programmed. This warning can be generated only with a special power circuit.	
A. EF	Warning! external fault	90	This warning is triggered via an external input. The response to this warning can be programmed.	
A.ndOH	All-clear! drive overheat	91	The motor temperature is again below the adjusted warning level. The switch off time is stopped.	
A.nOH	All-clear! overheat pow.mod.	88	The heat sink temperature is again below the adjusted warning level.	
A.nOHI	All-clear! overheat internal	92	The temperature in the interior of the inverter is again below the warning threshold.	
A.nOL	All-clear! overload	98	OL counter has reached 0 %, the warning "overload" can be reset.	
A.nOL2	All-clear! overload 2	101	The cooling time after "Warning! Overload during standstill" has elapsed. The warning message can be reset.	
A. OH	Warning! overheat pow.mod.	89	A level can be defined, when it is exceeded this warning is output. The response to this warning can be programmed.	
			further on next side	



Display	COMBIVIS		Meaning
A.OH2	Warning! motor protection	97	Warning: electronic motor protective relay has tripped. The response to this warning can be programmed.
A.OHI	Warning! overheat internal	87	The temperature in the interior of the inverter lies above the permissible level. The switch off time was started. The programmed response to this warning message is executed.
A. OL	Warning! overload	99	A level between 0 and 100 % of the load counter can be adjusted, when it is exceeded this warning is output. The response to this warning can be programmed.
A.OL2	Warning! overload 2	100	The warning is output when the standstill continuous current is exceeded (see technical data and overload characteristics). The response to this warning can be programmed. The warning message can only be reset after the cooling time has elapsed and A.nOL2 is displayed.
A.PrF	Warning! prot. rot. for.	94	The drive has driven onto the right limit switch. The response to this warning can be programmed.
A.Prr	Warning! prot. rot. rev.	95	The drive has driven onto the left limit switch. The response to this warning can be programmed.
A.SbuS	Warning! synchron	103	Sychronization over sercos-bus not possible. The response to this warning can be programmed.
A.SEt	Warning! set	102	It has been attempted to select a locked parameter set. The response to this warning can be programmed.
A.SLF	Warning! Software limit switch forward	104	The target position lies outside of the limit defined with the right software limit switch. The response to this warning can be programmed.
A.SLr	Warning! Software limit switch reverse	105	The target position lies outside of the limit defined with the left software limit switch. The response to this warning can be programmed.

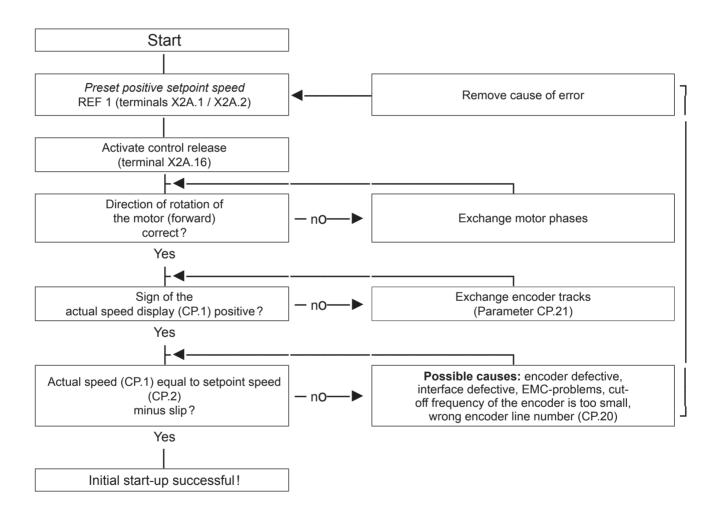


5. Initial Start-up

For the initial start-up of KEB COMBIVERT F5-M do the following:

- 1. Open control release (terminal X2A.16).
- 2. Select open loop operation
- 3. Enter motor data
- 4. Activate load motor dependent parameter
- 5. Enter necessary boost
- 6. Enter encoder line number
- 7. Observe cut-off frequency of encoder
- 8. Startup in controlled operation

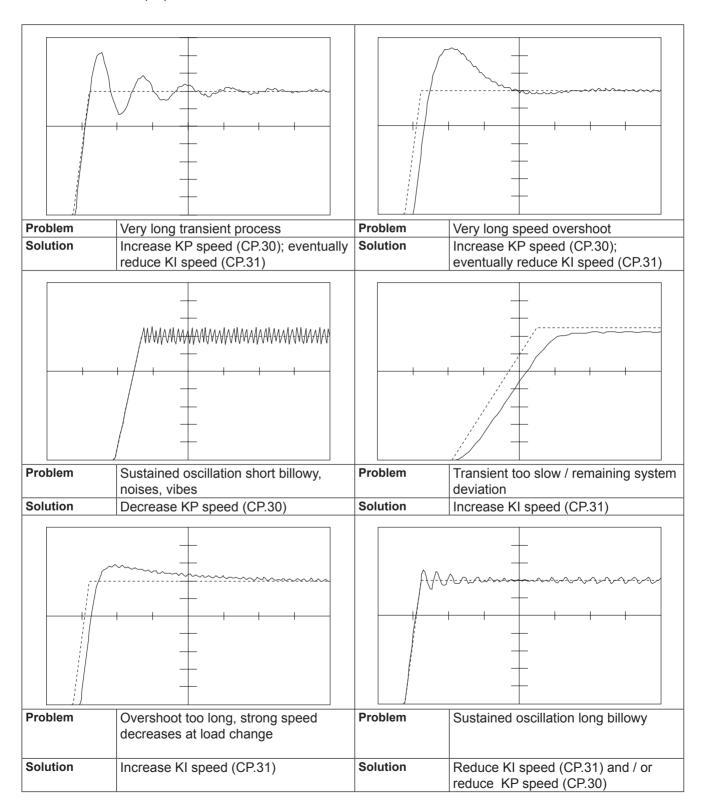
- => frequency inverter in status "noP"
- => Parameter CP.10 = 0
- => Parameter CP.11...CP.16
- => Parameter CP.17 = 1 or 2
- => Parameter CP.18
- => Parameter CP.20
- => See encoder specification
- => See the following flow chart



6. Adjustment Speed Controller

- 1. Open control release (terminal X2A.16).
- 2. Select closed loop operation

- => frequency inverter in status "noP"
- => Parameter CP.10 = 4





7. Quick Reference

Parame	ter	Setting range	Resolution	L ₋	Customer setting
CP.00	Password Input	09999	1		_
CP.01	Encoder 1 speed	_	0.125 rpm		_
CP.02	Setpoint display	_	0.125 rpm		_
CP.03	Inverter state	_	1		_
CP.04	Apparent current	_	0.1A		_
CP.05	Peak apparent current	_	0.1A		_
CP.06	Actual torque	_	0,01 Nm		_
CP.07	Actual DC voltage	_	1 V		_
CP.08	Peak DC voltage	_	1 V		_
CP.09	Output voltage	_	1 V		_
CP.10	Speed control configuration	0 (off)5	1		
CP.11	DASM Rated speed	064000 rpm	1 rpm		
CP.12	DASM rated frequency	0.01600.0 Hz	0.1 Hz		
CP.13	DASM rated current	0.0710.0A	0.1A		
CP.14	DASM Rated voltage	120500 V	1 V		
CP.15	DASM Rated cos (phi)	0.501.00	0.01		
CP.16	DASM Rated power	0.35400.00 kW	0.01 kW		
CP.17	Load motor dependent parameter	02	1		
CP.18	Boost	0.025.5%	0.1%		
CP.19	rated frequency	0400 Hz	0.0125 Hz		
CP.20	Encoder 1 (inc/r)	116383 inc.	1 inc.		
CP.21	Encoder 1 rotation	019	1	Х	
CP.22	Maximum speed	04000 rpm	0.125 rpm		
CP.23	Step value 1	<u>+</u> 4000 rpm	0.125 rpm		
CP.24	Step value 2	<u>+</u> 4000 rpm	0.125 rpm		
CP.25	Acceleration time	0.00300.00s	0.01s		
CP.26	Deceleration time	-0.01300.00s	0.01s		
CP.27	S-curve time	0.00 (off)5.00 s	0.01s		
CP.28	Torque reference source	05	1	Х	
CP.29	Absolute torque reference	<u>+</u> 10000.00 Nm	0,01 Nm		
CP.30	KP speed	032767	1		
CP.31	KI speed	032767	1		
CP.32	Switching frequency	2/4/8/12/16 kHz	_	Х	
CP.33	Relay output 1 / Function	084	1	Х	
CP.34	Relay output 2 / Function	084	1	Х	
CP.35	Reaction to limit switch	06	1		
CP.36	Reaction to external fault	06	1		

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8. Passwords

Read only	Read/Write	Drive mode
100	200	500



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